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Nitish Kumar to take oath as Bihar's Chief Minister for record 10th time today

Anil Shukla
BUTNA

Jamuna District's president Nitish Kumar was on Wednesday unanimously elected leader of the National Democratic Alliance (NDA) Legislative Party ahead of the formation of a new government under his leadership in Bihar on Thursday.

Mr. Kumar, who will take oath as Bihar Chief Minister for a record 10th time, was elected leader of the JD(U) Legislative Party during the meeting with the new MLAs held at his official residence in Patna.

Samrat Choudhary and Vijay Kumar Sinha were elected leader and deputy leader of the BJP Legislative Party, respectively, during the meeting held at the party's State Headquarters, Uttar Pradesh's Deputy Chief Minister Keshav



Another first: Jamuna District's president Nitish Kumar taking oath as Bihar Chief Minister on Wednesday. (AP)

Prasad Maurya, who had been appointed the central observer for the election of the NDA Legislative Party leader in Bihar proposed the names and the MLAs supported the proposal.

With this, it is almost certain that Mr. Choudhary and Mr. Sinha will continue as Bihar's Deputy Chief Min-

isters, as in the previous government.

Later, at a meeting of the NDA held at the Central Hall in the Assembly premises, Mr. Kumar was unanimously elected as the Legislature Party leader.

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India's Russian oil cuts predate U.S. tariffs: data

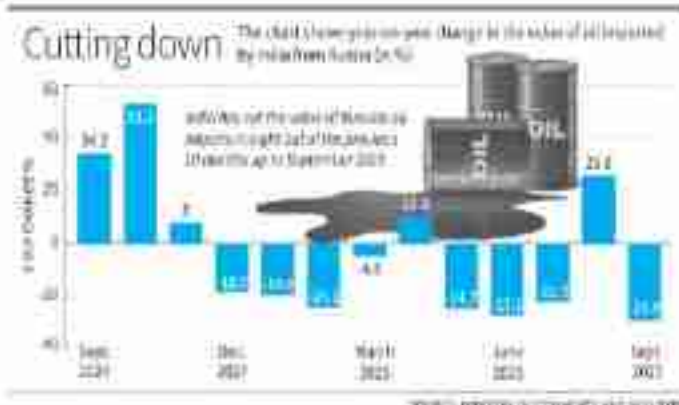
The 25% additional tariff by the U.S. came into effect on August 27 while government figures show a reduction in energy imports from Russia in the previous months compared with 2024.

T.G.A. Shrawan Nigam
NEW DELHI

India is implementing a larger strategy to reduce its dependence on oil imports from Russia, with the higher tariffs imposed by the U.S. coming at a time when India was already cutting its Russian oil imports, according to an analysis of official data. This has been confirmed by government officials.

An analysis by The Hindu of government-made data shows India's oil imports from Russia in September 2025 — the first full month during which the U.S.'s 50% tariff on Russian oil imports were applicable — were 25% lower in value and 17% lower in volume than in September 2024.

However, the data shows that this is part of a larger



strategy rather than a reaction to the tariffs, half of which were imposed as a "penalty" for importing Russian oil.

Bigger strategy
The additional tariff came into effect on August 27. However, data shows that India had cut the value of

Russian oil imports in eight of the previous 10 months up to September 2025, compared with the corresponding period of 2024. In five of these months — February, May, June, July and September — the cuts exceeded 20% each.

"India has known for a while now that its depen-

dence on Russian oil imports had grown too high and so it was already working on a plan to reduce this," an official in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry told The Hindu on condition of anonymity.

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IN BRIEF



'Pressure' of SIR behind BLO's death: Mamata

SEN & ATA
Highlighting the death of a former South Indian Officer (BLO) in West Bengal, Chief Minister Mamata Banerjee on Wednesday launched the special initiative mission (SIM) of the state for the incident. **• PAGE 9**

Churn in Oppn. bloc ahead of Mumbai poll

REPORT
As the local body election approaches in Mumbai, the internal dynamics within the Opposition Maharashtra Vikas Aghadi (MVA) are heating up as various groups start making arrangements. **• PAGE 9**

Tech Shankar among seven Maoists shot dead in A.P.

Rajagopal Sethi
HYDRABAD

Seven Maoists of the banned CPI (Maoist) were shot dead during an exchange of fire with the police in the Marehamilli forest of Anaparthi mandal, Rajahmundry district in Andhra Pradesh early on Wednesday.

This was the second encounter within 24 hours in the forests near G.M. Valla in the district.

Top Maoist leader Metturi Joga Rao, alias Tech Shankar, who won the CPI (Maoist) central committee membership in charge of the Andhra-Orissa boundary, was among those killed, the police said.

FULL REPORT ON
• PAGE 10

Fresh from farm



While visiting Prime Minister Narendra Modi's stall during the South India National Farming Summit 2025, in Coimbatore on Wednesday, as per report. (AP)

Taliban Industry Minister begins India visit to boost ties, cut reliance on Pakistan

Kallol Bhattacharya
NEW DELHI

Against the backdrop of continued hostilities between Pakistan and Afghanistan, Minister of Industry and Commerce of the Taliban administration Abjal Nooruddin Azad started a five-day tour of India on Wednesday. Official sources said the visit, which highlights Afghanistan's desire to revive Pakistan ports for its commercial requirements, will help Afghanistan begin Pakistan for enhanced connectivity.

The visit is being viewed as a significant outreach by the Taliban administration as it is taking place a month after External Affairs Minister S. Jaishankar hosted To-



Abjal Nooruddin Azad

taliban's Acting Foreign Minister Sharafuddin Amiri Khan Murtaza when both sides agreed to enhance direct trade and commerce.

Mr. Azad, who has come with a large business delegation, visited the India International Trade Fair (IITF) 2025 to strengthen bilateral trade and investment.

The visiting Afghan team met Nirmal Khurwal, Managing Director of India

Trade Promotion Organisation, who explained opportunities for greater participation of Afghanistan in future trade events in India. Mr. Azad met a number of Indian business representatives after his arrival. He visited stalls set up by Afghan traders in the IITF that are showcasing Afghan agricultural products.

The visit by the Afghan trade minister, a first since 2021 when the Taliban took charge of Kabul, is expected to boost key Indian exports to Afghanistan such as pharmaceuticals, textiles, machinery, sugar, tea and rice.

India is keen to import Afghan farm products and minerals that have a stable market in the country.

SC strikes down provisions of Tribunal Reforms Act, tells govt. to set up panel

Krishnakumar Rajagopal
NEW DELHI

The Supreme Court on Wednesday struck down provisions of the Tribunal Reforms Act of 2021, a law designed to alter the tribunal system and give the Union government a dominant role in appointments and functioning, and even firing the salaries of chairpersons and members.

"When Parliament designs or alters the tribunal system, it must do so in a manner consistent with the constitutional requirements of independence, impartiality, and effective adjudication," Chief Justice of India R.K. Gavai said.



When Parliament designs or alters the tribunal system, it must do so in a manner consistent with the constitutional requirements of independence, impartiality, and effective adjudication. A law that undermines these founda-

tional values, such as by enabling executive control over appointments, curtailing tenure arbitrarily, or weakening institutional autonomy, does not merely offend an 'abstract principle', it strikes at the core of the constitutional arrange-

ment. Chief Justice of India R.K. Gavai, heading a two-judge Bench comprising Justice K. Vinod Chandran, observed.

The Bench directed the Centre to establish the National Tribunal Commission in four months. It held

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Apex court allows CAQM to take 'proactive' steps to keep air pollution in check in Delhi

Krishnakumar Rajagopal
NEW DELHI

The Supreme Court on Wednesday gave the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas (CAQM) a free hand to take "any proactive measures" to curb air pollution, threatening Delhi-NCR after the statutory body proposed to include stricter Stage IV curbs of the Graded Response Action Plan (GRAP) like work from home and 50% of office attendance in the ongoing Stage III of GRAP (week).

"Any proactive measure of CAQM to reduce air pollution is always welcome," Chief Justice of India R.K.



Unrestricted movement of vehicles is being restricted to control air pollution in the national capital on Wednesday. (AP)

Gavai, heading a Bench comprising Justice K. Vinod Chandran, observed in an order. The court said the CAQM must, however, consult stakeholders and take everyone on board.

The court was responding to a note submitted by the CAQM proposing short-

term and long-term measures against air pollution choking Delhi-NCR.

Amicus curiae, senior advocate Aparigta Singh, highlighted a CAQM recommendation to exempt Delhi emission vehicles from the protection of an August 12 court order, which barred

authorities from taking any coercive steps against owners of 10-year-old diesel and 15-year-old petrol vehicles. The CAQM also proposed including the Stage III restriction of staggered office timings in Stage II.

Sports events in schools
The court also directed the CAQM to look into the issue of schools conducting sports events in November and December. Mr. Singh said such events virtually amount to putting children in a gas chamber. The court made it clear that the CAQM must pass the necessary directions to the States concerned on this issue. The court joined the next hearing for December 30.

States

INBRIEF



Trinamool MP seeks police action against W.B. Governor

The face-off between Trinamool Congress MP Krijan Banerjee and West Bengal Governor CV Anand Das intensified further on Wednesday after the politician lodged a counter-complaint against the State's Constitutional head at the Hare Street police station in Kolkata within 24 hours of the latter having filed an FIR against the former at the same police station. Seeking to provide information under Section 573 (3) of the BNS, Mr. Banerjee, in his complaint, sought police action against the Governor, including those pertaining to criminal conspiracy and acts endangering India's sovereignty, unity and integrity. >

Ladakh I/G admits discontent over team for talks with Centre

Ladakh Lieutenant Governor R.G. Khatkar Gupta on Wednesday acknowledged that some people are unhappy with what they see as "imbalanced" representation in the ongoing dialogue with the Centre, but expressed hope that all issues would be resolved through discussions. The Ladakh Buddhist Association has said the stature of representatives in the ongoing talks were from the Muslim community. >

Dept. to connect Rajasthani diaspora with State's progress

The Bharatiya Janata Party government in Rajasthan on Wednesday decided to establish a dedicated department to connect Non-Resident Rajasthani settled in India and abroad with the State's development. The department will provide a platform for dialogue and cooperation between the Rajasthani diaspora and the state government. >

Kerala CEO warns against obstruction of SIR work

The Hindu Bureau
THIRUVANANTHAPURAM

(Restructuring) Booth Level Officers (BLOs) from discharging their duties related to the special intensive revision (SIR) of electoral rolls will attract "strict criminal action", the Chief Electoral Officer (CEO) of Kerala, Rathin U. Kelkar, said here on Wednesday.

At a press conference, Mr. Kelkar said the BLOs were prevented from doing their work in Malappuram and Kollam.

"As long as a person is appointed as a BLO, that person will be considered a public servant for the work of the Election Commission of India (ECI). Everybody should know that they have a prominent role to play. The District Collectors have been instructed to take strict criminal action under Section 121 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita against anyone who tries to obstruct their work," the CEO said.

Section 121 deals with obstructing the duties of public servants.

Mr. Kelkar said his office was taking the SIR forward "through teamwork" and by addressing the issues faced by the states. Complaints regarding work pressure on the BLOs would be looked into.

He said the BLOs were appointed for Constitutionally-mandated work under Section 130(3) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950. "Once a person is appointed a BLO, the control over the person rests with the EC," he said.

India will become hub of natural farming; science, tradition to lead way: PM

Natural farming is the need of 21st-century agriculture, says Modi bats for the restoration of soil health banks on traditional knowledge, scientific strength, and government support for growth

The Hindu Bureau
COIMBATORE

India is poised to transform into a global hub of natural farming, Prime Minister Narendra Modi said in Coimbatore on Wednesday, adding that moving on this path, ingrained in the country's traditions, is a necessity.

The Prime Minister said expansion of natural farming is the need of 21st-century agriculture and pitched for the restoration of soil health that has deteriorated due to excessive use of chemical fertilisers and pesticides. "Our goal must be to make natural farming a fully science-backed movement," he said after inaugurating the South India Natural Farming Summit 2023 convened by farmers' associations to propagate ideas of the late organic farming scientist, G. Nammalvar.

'Heavenly trend'

Mr. Modi said the trend of educated youth taking up agriculture as a vocation and adopting modern techniques was heavenly.

He said traditional knowledge, scientific strength, and government support would enable India to show the way in natural farming to the world.

The National Mission on Natural Farming initiated



Green vision: Prime Minister Narendra Modi with Tamil Nadu Governor R.N. Ravi (left) at the inauguration of the South India Natural Farming Summit, in Coimbatore on Wednesday. >

last year has had its effect on lakhs of farmers.

About 35,000 hectares of land in Tamil Nadu are now under organic and natural farming.

Emphasising a joint effort, the Prime Minister appealed to the State governments to utilise the capabilities of Farmer Producer Organisations to broaden natural farming, with an emphasis on using millets.

The Prime Minister urged farmers to start by bringing one acre under natural farming for a cropping season every year, and to scale up gradually.

Agricultural experts have doubted in the past 14 years owing to the policies.

Assistance exceeding TID lakh crore has been provided under the Kisan Credit Card scheme for farming and allied activities, including livestock and fisheries, and the reduction in Goods and Services Tax on bio-fertilisers has benefited farmers substantially, Mr. Modi said.

The Prime Minister released the 21st installment of PM-Kisan Samman Nidhi, transferring ₹8,000 crore to farmers across the country. The beneficiaries include lakhs of farmers in Tamil Nadu. So far, ₹4 lakh crore has been directly transferred to the bank accounts of small farmers under the scheme, he said.

Mr. Modi advocated

multi-crop agriculture over monoculture, citing the practice in the hilly areas of Kerala and Karnataka, where the productivity of a cultivable area was being optimised.

'Include in curriculum' He appealed to scientists and research institutions to ensure integration of natural farming in curriculum, and to consider farmers' fields as living laboratories.

Mr. Modi evoked hope that the summit will pave the way for the emergence of new ideas and solutions. He later interacted with a group of agricultural scientists and agriculturists practising natural farming.



PM releasing a coin and stamps in Puttaparthi on Wednesday. SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT

Modi releases ₹100 coin and postal stamps in Puttaparthi

K. Umachandier
PUTTAPARTHI

Prime Minister Narendra Modi released a ₹100 commemorative coin and a set of postal stamps on the centenary celebrations of Sri Saradha Bai Babu at Puttaparthi, Andhra Pradesh, on Wednesday.

Addressing a gathering of devotees and students at the Hill View Stadium, the Prime Minister recalled the spiritual leader's decades of humanitarian service and legacy.

Mr. Modi termed the centenary celebrations a "blessing for the nation", stating that Saradha Bai Babu's spiritual message of love, service, and harmony had influenced millions across the globe.

Highlighting the charitable projects of Sri Saradha Bai Babu's organisations, Mr. Modi referred to medical services, drinking water projects spanning more than 3,000 km of pipelines, and relief efforts during the flood catastrophe in Gujarat in 2001.

TN, BSP chief murder case: SC stays probe transfer to CBI

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Supreme Court on Wednesday modified an earlier order to stay the transfer of the Kevins Armstrong murder case to the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI).

On October 13, the apex court had stayed a Madras High Court order of September 24 quashing a 761-page charge-sheet lodged in the murder of Armstrong, its highest judge Party's (BJP) Tamil Nadu president. However, at that time, the bench did not stay the part of the High Court order directing the transfer of the murder probe to the CBI.

"The direction for transferring the investigation to the CBI shall remain in operation," the top court had ordered on October 13.

Armstrong was killed in Chennai by unknown assailant on July 5, 2024.

Move to put off U.P. teachers' recruitment test triggers uproar over 'repeated delays'

Navank Kumar
LUCKNOW

The Uttar Pradesh Education Services Selection Commission (UPESSC) decision to postpone the Trained Graduate Teacher (TGT) exam sparked widespread anger among aspirants on Wednesday over "repeated delays" in the recruitment process.

The aspirants pointed out that it was for the fifth time the exam had been postponed and accused the government of "playing with the future of lakhs of candidates who are waiting the prime years of their life in the hope of jobs". They added that youth in search of government jobs in the State are facing a bleak future.

The UPESSC had issued a notice on Tuesday stating that the TGT written examination, which was scheduled for December 10 and 11, has been postponed.



Waiting for: Candidates awaiting for the conduct of recruitment examination staging a protest in Lucknow on Wednesday. >

"The revised dates will be announced later," the notice stated.

About 8.6 lakh aspirants had applied for 3,539 teaching posts in government schools and some of them expressed their frustration over the delays.

"The notification for the examination was put out in early 2022 and it was supposed to be held the same year. After protests by aspirants over the delay, the examination scheduled for April 4-5,

2023. Later, it revised the dates to May 14-15, July 23-25, and finally December 10-11. Now, the exam has been postponed again," Hemant Verma, an aspirant from Prayagraj, said.

"The delays are affecting over eight lakh aspirants who consider this examination as a major step towards upward mobility. We are staring at a bleak future," he said.

The UPESSC is entrusted with the responsibility of recruiting teachers for go-

vernment schools, aided non-government colleges, aided minority colleges, aided non-government intermediate colleges, higher secondary schools, schools run and managed by the Uttar Pradesh Basic Education Board, aided junior high schools and affiliated primary schools, and aided minority junior high schools and affiliated primary schools.

Criminal case filed

Targeting the BJP-led state government, the Opposition Congress termed the repeated delays "shameful". "Continuous delay for years in conducting the examination is a criminal act against aspirants. It is shameful that youth are forced to spend years jobless due to the fault of the government system, investing lakhs in preparation and on accommodation," said State Congress president Rajpal.

Govt. hospitals in Delhi to have colour-coded bedsheets for 'visual assurance of cleanliness'

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Delhi government on Wednesday introduced colour-coded bedsheets for each day of the week to ensure that hygiene standards are met at all government hospitals in the city.

Announcing the initiative, Health Minister Parag Kumar Singh said the system was designed not only to streamline linen management but also to provide a "visual assurance of cleanliness" to patients and their families.

The government hospitals will use white sheets on Monday, pink on Tuesday, green on Wednesday, purple on Thursday, blue on Friday, light grey on Saturday, and peach on Sunday, the minister said.

"The well-being of our patients is our top priority. This is a simple yet crucial



Beds in Delhi government hospitals will have sheets of different colours in each day of the week. SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT

step to create an environment of trust and transparency. This initiative will not only reduce hospital-acquired infection rates but also have a positive psychological impact," Mr. Singh said while addressing mediapersons.

According to an official statement, the initiative is a direct application of the principles outlined in the

Centre's Kayakalp guidebook, which highlights the significance of proper linen management in preventing infections in public health facilities. The new system will strictly adhere to protocols mandated in the guidebook, making it easier for staff to manage linen cycles and maintain highest standards of hygiene, it stated.

RJD's Kerala unit searches for identity amid Bihar Assembly poll debacle

Ashta Ravindran
BANGALURU

The political entity that functions as the Rashtriya Janata Dal's (RJD) Kerala unit, led by M.N. Shanmuga Kumar and formerly by his late father M.P. Veerendran Kumar, has experienced perhaps the most dramatic transformation in the State's recent political history. The faction had a separate name and electoral symbol during the local body polls in 2003, 2015, 2020 and now in 2025.

In political metamorphosis began in the split of the Janata Dal (United)

(JDU) and subsequent rebranding as the Socialist Janata (Democratic) (SJD) in 2010, the Janata Dal (United) (JD(U)) in 2015, and the Loktaran Janata Dal (LJD) in 2020.

The faction had left the Communist Party of India (Marxist)-led Left Democratic Front (LDF) following the death of the Kozhikode seat in Veerendran Kumar in the 2009 Lok Sabha poll. Then, three of the five JDS legislators became the SJD and secured an electoral alliance with the Congress-led United Democratic Front (UDF). However, the party leaders and workers, who

have always been aligned with a national party, did not like the "local party" status. Hence, in 2014, the SJD merged with the JDU led by Nitish Kumar.

Following the JDU's national alignment with the BJP, the State unit was re-branded as the LJD, led by Shreed Yadav, in 2018, and it tentatively jumped on the LDF bandwagon.

A proposed unification between the LJD and the JDU (it had been a protracted topic of informal discussion, yet a formidable faction within the LJD vehemently opposed the amalgamation) drew significant objections

chief was the anticipated alignment of the JDU, led by former Prime Minister P.V. Nellore Gowda, with the BJP, a political development that alarmed the latter.

The final structural change occurred in 2023 when the LJD merged with the RJD, thereby cementing its status as a recognised State-level unit of a national party and strengthening its position within the LDF alliance. "We had options to join either the Samajwadi Party in Uttar Pradesh or the RJD. The former was not very interested in spending out of U.P. and hence we chose the RJD," said Vergh-

ese George, State secretary general of the RJD, who has been with the faction from the JDU days.

'Workers disillusioned'

Meanwhile, the constant changes have put the local party workers in a state of disillusionment. "We are losing the faith of our workers. We need to be a formidable force in the State, but repeated delays have taken a toll on the party," Mr. George added.

The RJD is now the third largest constituency of the LDF after the Communist Party of India (Marxist) and the Communist Party of In-

dia in Wayanad, Kottam, and Kozhikode districts, where it has a considerable following. Having worked within the UDF as well as the LDF, the RJD finds the LDF more disciplined and easier to work with, while appreciating the openness in the UDF, Mr. George said.

As has been the pattern in the past, and more recently with the RJD receiving a drubbing in the Bihar Assembly election, this so-called group still appears to be searching for an identity and an anchoring national alliance that aligns with its State-level political complexion.

Robbers flee with ₹7 cr. from van in Bengaluru

The Hindu Bureau
BANGALURU

In a daring daylight robbery, robbers posing as Income Tax Department officials allegedly intercepted a van carrying cash for ATM in Bengaluru, threatened the staff, and escaped with cash estimated at ₹7 crore.

According to the police, the vehicle was transporting cash from a private bank branch in J.P. Nagar when an SUV blocked its way. The robbers allegedly claimed that they needed to

"verify documents" and forced the staff to cooperate.

The robbers then allegedly made the staff sit in their car along with the cash boxes and drove towards Hairy Circle. After reaching the spot, the gang forced the staff to leave and fled with the money.

A minibus station, including several buses, has been launched for the accused. The police have examined over 50 CCTV camera recordings and alerted checkpoints en route.

UP Rising

Yogi Adityanath's Vision Transforms Ayodhya, Lucknow & Tribal Heartlands

"Uttar Pradesh is creating models the world will follow in the future."

- Yogi Adityanath, Chief Minister, U.P.



A new era of development, technology, culture & heritage in Uttar Pradesh

AYODHYA: A GLOBAL MODEL OF SPIRITUAL & MODERN DEVELOPMENT

Ayodhya's Transformation Under CM Yogi

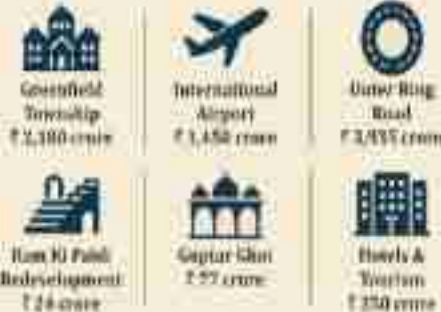
Ayodhya today stands as a prosperous, rapidly developing spiritual city, drawing millions of visitors from India and abroad. Even before construction began on the Shri Ram Temple, CM Yogi Adityanath had charted a long-term plan to restore Ayodhya to its historic glory.

Ayodhya Master Plan 2031

A massive urban reform mission covering 133.67 sq. km, backed by an investment of ₹1,000+ crore, is turning Ayodhya into a world-class, sustainable spiritual hub.



Ayodhya Tourist Footfall (Jan- June 2025)



"Ayodhya is emerging as the world's foremost spiritual destination."

- Yogi Adityanath, Chief Minister, U.P.

LUCKNOW TO HOST 'MINI INDIA': 19th NATIONAL JAMBOREE RETURNS AFTER 61 YEARS

A Global Cultural Convergence

From November 23-29, Lucknow will host over 33,000 Scouts & Guides and 1,500 international delegates at Vrindavan Yojana.

Jamboree Dashboard



Key Features

- 300-acre Tent City with 3,500 tents
- 30,000-seat Central Arena
- Cuisine & culture from every Indian state
- Dedicated telecom tower for 40,000 users
- 100-bed hospital, 15 dispensaries, 50 doctors
- Temporary planetarium, science & technology pavilions
- Representation from Nepal, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Afghanistan & 10 Asia-Pacific nations

SMART, SAFE & TECH-DRIVEN

- Drone shows narrating Scouting history
- AI-supported communication
- Plastic-free, green energy-powered ecosystem

PRAYAGRAJ SHINES GLOBALLY 'Sounds of Kumbh' Gets Grammy Nomination

Celebrating the spiritual energy of Prayagraj, the album "Sounds of Kumbh" has secured a Grammy nomination for Best Global Music Album at the 68th Grammy Awards.

Album Highlights

- Curated by Siddhant Bhatia
- 12 tracks, 50+ artists
- Blends ghat ambience, ancient mantras & Himalayan beats
- Showcases Mahakumbh's 45-day spectacle on the world stage

TRIBAL TRANSFORMATION: EMPOWERING COMMUNITIES WITH PRIDE & PROGRESS

Dharti Aaba Campaign: Development in 517 Villages

Under CM Yogi, tribal welfare has reached unprecedented saturation levels across 26 districts, bringing schemes like:

Schemes

- Ayushman Bharat Yojana
- Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana
- Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana
- Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi
- Pradhan Mantri Vishwakarma Yojana



Major Achievements:

- Tharu, Buxa, Bhotia tribes receive housing, education, drinking water, and electricity
- 815 Buxa families in forest regions fully connected
- 371 Tharu SHGs linked to national markets via Tharu Handicraft Company
- New Tharu Museum in Balrampur; more coming in Mirzapur, Sonbhadra, Maharajganj
- Ekadaya Model Schools & Sarveswari Hostels uplift tribal youth
- 700+ ST candidates selected for administrative roles

UP LEADS THE AI REVOLUTION: FARMING, GOVERNANCE & CULTURE GO DIGITAL

UP Global Pilot for AI in Agriculture

Under a World Bank, Google partnership, Uttar Pradesh became the world's first pilot site where AI transformed outcomes for smallholder farmers.



AI Across UP



Transforming Lives with Technology

- Real-time crowd management
- Kaoya-Paya Centre reunites missing persons in minutes
- AI-driven emergency response systems
- AI-powered diagnostics & robotic surgeries

"Uttar Pradesh is blending ancient heritage with future-ready innovation"

- Yogi Adityanath, Chief Minister, U.P.

From Ayodhya's global rise to Lucknow's grand Jamboree, from the Grammy spotlight on Prayagraj to deep outreach in tribal villages, and from AI-led agriculture to smart governance, Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath has positioned Uttar Pradesh as India's fastest-rising state.

A new Uttar Pradesh is taking shape spiritual, modern, tech-driven, inclusive, and globally admired



Breaking the rules
Post-facto clearance must remain
the exception, not the rule

The majority decision by a Bench of the Supreme Court to reverse its May 2022 order, which had stated the grant of post-facto environmental clearances, illustrates the difficulty of dealing with the seemingly irreversible consequences of a much-abused law. The controversy is also about the form of the Government Ministry's instruments that normalised these exceptions. The Environment (Protection) Act 1986 and EIA notifications of 1984 and 2006 are framed around prior environmental clearance (EC), which means that large construction and industrial projects must not start work until an authority has assessed their consequences. Decisions by the Court including Common Cause (2007) and Alekhya Pharmaceuticals (2020) treated post-facto EC as impermissible where prior EC was mandatory. The order in May, as Vatsakhari, read this as nullifying our post-facto ECs altogether for such projects. The new majority does not say "EC first" is no longer the rule but creates a narrow space for post-facto clearances by relying on Alekhya, B. Sanyal, and others to allow "regularisation" when considerable resources have already been committed, usually with fines. This will mean that the Ministry can maintain "EC first" as the legal default and allow post-facto clearances only in rare, highly constrained cases. In any case the spirit of the EC regime remains *ex ante*.

A distance granted after construction has begun or finished cannot replicate the EIA's rationale, which is to make environmental related decisions before the potential cumulative consequences are underway. Post-facto clearances can only impose penalties, prescribe mitigation or order closure or demolition. Even if the judiciary permits such ECs in some circumstances now, the clearances will be ineffectual and sit uneasily with the structure of environmental jurisprudence in India since the 1990s. The majority's concern about differential treatment of past and future violators is also understandable, even if its remedy is not. Vatsakhari struck down the 2017 notification and subsequent Environment Ministry office memoranda that facilitated post-facto ECs, but it left existing post-facto ECs stand. The majority treated this as discriminatory, which is fair, but new guidelines during a shift from a permissive to a stricter regime is to be expected during regulatory housekeeping. Its existence does not by itself require that an old mode be tested. The Court has also revealed the bar on post-facto ECs and reopened the legal question, indicating that limited post-facto regularisation is not in itself untenable. In the end, the Ministry must treat post-facto ECs as exceptional not least because they are inherently at odds with the legal framework. Any complaint about discrimination between past and future violators should be addressed by tightening legacy clearances, not by normalising post-facto regularisation.

Reset with Riyadh

US seems to have de-hyphenated Saudi Arabia and Israel in its West Asia plans

Saudi Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman's visit to the White House marked the official end of a brief chill in relations between the most powerful country and the most influential Arab state. This had in a low other Jamal Khashoggi, a Saudi dissident journalist in the U.S., was murdered inside the kingdom's consulate in Istanbul in October 2018. U.S. intelligence agencies later concluded that MBS had ordered the killing. During his election campaign, Joe Biden had vowed to hold MBS accountable. Yet, it was Mr. Biden who took steps to rehabilitate the prince. He travelled to Jeddah in July 2022 where he greeted the heir to the Saudi throne with a hot hug. Donald Trump, who brokered the 2020 Abraham Accords, has been keen to deepen America's traditional ties with its Arab partners. On Tuesday, he defended MBS's human rights record, claiming that the prince "saw nothing" about Khashoggi's murder. He also promised to sell tanks and F-35 fighters to Saudi Arabia, despite Israeli objections. It will also get access to America's most advanced computer chips. MBS is seeking to build vast data centres to transform Saudi Arabia into a technological power house.

Historically, Saudi Arabia's abysmal human rights record has played little role in shaping its relationship with Washington, long anchored in geopolitical and energy interests. There have been moments of strain, such as the 1973 oil shock, the post-9/11 distrust or the chill after the Khashoggi murder, but both sides have consistently prioritised strategic alignment over values. One persistent complication, however, has been Israel, America's closest regional ally, which does not have formal diplomatic ties with Riyadh. After the Abraham Accords were signed, the Biden administration pushed Saudi Arabia to join the framework by normalising ties with Israel. MBS had said in September 2021 that Saudi Arabia and Israel were in an advanced stage of negotiations. But the October 7 Hamas attack and Israel's genocidal Gaza war dashed the momentum. Today, Saudi Arabia says it remains open to joining the Accords, but only if there is a credible, time-bound path towards a two-state solution to the Palestinian question – a position Israel opposes. Mr. Trump appears to have realised both the regional complexities and Israel's intransigence. He now seems prepared to deepen ties with Saudi Arabia without demanding an immediate commitment to recognise Israel. In effect, he has de-hyphenated Saudi Arabia from the Abraham Accords, for now, choosing instead to cultivate direct, stronger ties with the kingdom, which he views as critical to his broader West Asia plans.

On July 24, 2023, the United Nations General Assembly adopted a resolution to declare October 29 each year as International Day of Care and Support. This resolution recognised the critical role of comprehensive care and support policies, aimed at reducing, redistributing and valuing unpaid care and domestic work, to the well-being of society and all its members – in particular, children, older persons and persons with disabilities – more so, as a disproportionate share of care and domestic work is undertaken by women and adolescent girls. It also remains invisible, undervalued and unaccounted for in national statistics, and neglected in economic and social policymaking.

India has had a long history of care provision with institutions outside the family emerging in the late 19th and early 20th centuries with the work of educationalists such as Tanchi Mohan and Rajkumar Radhakrishna. These pioneering efforts, with developmentally appropriate practices, gradually defined as modern childcare provisioning emerged post-independence. With modern childcare mostly in the private, voluntary sector, low-income families, those who needed childcare services the most, were excluded.

The report of the study group on the development of the preschool child, submitted to the Government of India in 1972, with Mrs. Swaminathan as its co-chair, transformed the history of childcare services in the country. It set out a clear social justice agenda, emphasising a holistic approach to address the health, nutrition and developmental needs of the young child, especially from poor and marginalised communities.

This resulted in the launch of the Integrated Child Development Services Scheme (ICDS) in 1975. It is one of the world's largest early childhood development programmes today, with 1.4 million Anganwadis (childcare) centres operating across the country, reaching 23 million children, and served by around 2.4 million Anganwadi workers and helpers. Based on estimated population projections, and the need to reach over 60 million children by 2030, this number is likely to almost double to 2.8 million centres with over five million workers.

Underpaid and undervalued

As several national and global studies have revealed, despite recognising the importance of care for societal growth and well-being, care-workers have remained underpaid and undervalued, and their contributions to the early development of the child not fully recognised. The promise on the ICDS to rapidly expand to ensure universal coverage has led to a lower emphasis on pre-service and in-service training to build competencies of the care-workers in practice-based learning, that is crucial for quality childcare. This is partly driven by the perception of early years teachers as *careers*, addressing



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primary needs of food, hygiene and immunisation, not as professionals. The devaluation of their roles, of not being treated as professional workers, results not just in low pay but also a lack of attention to working conditions (including paid leaves, social security benefits, opportunities for career advancement, and collective organisation and representation). In many States, their wages, in the range of ₹8,000-₹15,000 a month, are barely on a par with the minimum wages for unskilled workers.

The impact of climate change

In the context of climate change, the need for good quality childcare services for the rural and urban poor is rapidly rising. There is sufficient evidence to show that poor women and children are the worst affected by the impacts of climate change and extreme weather events, such as floods or droughts. They confront reduced access to health and care services, alongside diverse and healthy food. While the Sustainable Development Goals suggest the need for a more equal sharing of care responsibilities between women and men in households, climate change is forcing many men to migrate out of their rural homes to urban centres in search of work.

Apart from their own ill circumstances, as witnessed during the COVID-19 pandemic in India, their physical distance makes such sharing impossible. When families migrate to urban areas, the higher costs of living – in particular rental – make it imperative for women to find work, which is often domestic and care work in the homes of the middle classes. There is, however, little care provision for their own children, with only 10% of Anganwadis centres currently functioning in urban areas.

The Government of India's Time Use in India 2024 survey confirms the feminisation of care work, with women spending an average of 40 minutes a day (over seven hours) on unpaid domestic and care work as against 163 minutes (over two hours) by men (Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation). Together, this would constitute 85-95% of GDP. Smaller scale studies demonstrate clear links between the mother's lack of time for care and feeding and child undernutrition, as visible in the persistently high child stunting levels (a over 35%). Only 1% of children aged six months-23 months had a minimum acceptable diet (National Family Health Survey 5, 2019-20), raising cognitive and developmental concerns.

In this context, Mobile Creches and the Forum for Creches and Childcare Services (FOCCS) organised the India Childcare Champion Awards on October 26, 2023 in New Delhi. The awards were presented across seven categories that honoured excellence and dedication in the field of childcare – the Mrs. Swaminathan Special Jury Award for Best Creche Worker, Best Creche Worker, Best Creche Supervisor, Best Local Leader, Best NGO, Childcare Champion, and

Gratitude to CSR Funders in Childcare. The awards sought to give recognition to frontline childcare workers and supervisors as well as local panchayat leaders, employers and civil society organisations. It was to celebrate their tireless efforts working on the ground, within communities, and at the policy level to make quality childcare accessible and equitable for all.

The event gave voice to childcare workers, bringing out clearly not just the fact that these workers were skilled professionals but that they were also change-makers, challenging social norms and structures. The workers spoke about breaking caste and class barriers, building self-confidence to overcome social stigma and dealing with critiques of themselves by their families and communities, or working with "dirty" children.

Slowly, but surely, they have built trust with parents and emotional bonds with the children, hoping to give them a chance in life that they would not otherwise have. Caring for the children of migrant workers is even more demanding as the parents work full-time, often living in poor conditions. Children here confront a range of health issues, as care-workers have, in addition, become advocates for health insurance, for clean and adequate space and care infrastructure, amongst others. They play multiple roles – as children playing with children, as *careers* nurturing them, and as adult decision-makers, monitoring their key milestones, and intervening when needed.

Match the standard in Scandinavia

Recognition of childcare workers is clearly a first step in highlighting their critical role in providing quality, nurturing care, and laying the foundation for a strong and inclusive nation. Yet, there is a lot more to do – apart from ensuring that they have decent wages and working conditions, there is a need to redirect resources to both skill-building of these care-workers and the strengthening of care infrastructure. There is still little provision for the child below the age of three years, with only 2,900 of the over 40,000 crèches approved under the Government of India's India scheme, currently operational. As compared to the current public investment of approximately 0.4% of GDP, the ambitious of universalising good quality care would need a tripling of budgetary allocation to between 1%-1.5% of GDP – the standard in Scandinavian countries that have universal childcare coverage.

A focus on care spotlights the rights of women and children. Achieving this requires both individual and systemic changes. Recognition of the knowledge and skills of childcare workers has to be accompanied by roles and policies that ensure adequate resources and voice in the sector. Decentralisation, convergence and collective ownership are critical if the rights of women workers and underprivileged children are to be realised.

Redefining the narrative of TB eradication worldwide

Looking back at the history of tuberculosis (TB) control, one small yet revolutionary change stands out – the development of point-of-care molecular diagnostics. Traditionally, TB diagnosis involved either a poorly sensitive sputum smear test or waiting for weeks for culture results from centralized labs. However, with small, battery-powered Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) machines, both TB and drug resistance can now be diagnosed in under an hour.

A diagnostics game changer

World Health Organization (WHO) approved rapid molecular diagnostic platforms such as Truenat are now a cornerstone of the worldwide fight against TB, particularly in low-resource settings. For instance, after integrating it with the Nigeria national TB programme, the identification of rifampicin-resistant TB cases nearly doubled, which was an indicator of the platform's ability to detect drug-resistant strains. In addition, Nigeria has experimented with stool-based Truenat testing for the diagnosis of TB among children in primary health care centres. This is intended to overcome the challenge of sputum collection among children, thus improving case detection and bacteriological confirmation.

A study conducted recently and published in The Lancet assessed the use of this platform in primary health care centres in Mozambique and Tanzania, in Africa. The trial revealed that combining on-site molecular testing with rapid communication of results greatly improved the rate at which patients began treatment within seven days of their initial visit. The intervention not only improved diagnostic quality but also optimised treatment, proving the instrumental role of point-of-care diagnostics in improved TB care in resource-constrained environments. Such innovations are critical to the achievement of global TB elimination targets.

This shift in diagnostic capacity did not merely alter the dynamics of TB control. It became the



Dr. Sonoma Swaminathan
former Chief Scientist, World Health Organization

basis for a world where early treatment was no longer a function of geography or infrastructure.

It was this very shift that was recognised globally this year, when Goa-based Molbin Diagnostics was awarded the coveted Kochon Prize for its contributions to TB diagnostics. Established by the Kochon Foundation of the Republic of Korea and in collaboration with the Stop TB Partnership, the Kochon Prize is one of the world's most distinguished awards for TB control contributions. It has honoured scientists, organisations and individuals whose innovation have radically enhanced TB outcomes. The real value of this award transcends any single company. This year's award says a lot about the extent to which India's indigenous technological innovations are not just fighting TB within its own geography but also significantly influencing the world of TB eradication.

Our writer recalls WHO's endorsement, in 2020, of the portable molecular platform developed in India. The evidence came from diverse studies in Asia and Africa, showing an impact equivalent to central lab systems but with significantly greater deployability. The excitement was palpable – at last, a diagnostic test that could go to the patient, not the other way around. It was a moment when innovation met inclusion. Since then, many more Indian companies have ventured into TB diagnostics innovation, which is visible today in the range of unmet point of care tests available.

India's role in decentralised TB control India's National TB Elimination Programme (NTEP) was swift in adopting these technologies, installing thousands of point-of-care molecular testing units across the country. Today, we have enough and more evidence of how this has significantly reduced the time between suspecting TB and starting treatment, thereby greatly enhancing TB management protocols.

This award also highlights India's collaborative model for TB elimination. Today, the TB fight is no longer solely the responsibility of the public

sector. It is a shared mission, where private innovators, community health workers and government systems work hand in hand. For a country that bears close to a quarter of the world's TB burden, this partnership is not only desirable, it is imperative. The private sector offers agility, scale and technology while the public sector offers reach, data and accountability. Together, they create the foundation of a strong public health response.

The Kochon prize has been awarded to India twice – in 2006 to Dr. U.S. Chauthan, Deputy Director General Tuberculosis, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (joint winner with TB/HIV activist Winstone Adu from Zambia), and in 2017 to the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR). This year's recognition is not just another win for India. It is a global acknowledgement of the power of affordable indigenous innovation.

The adoption of field-ready molecular diagnostics from India has led to deployments worldwide – from mobile clinics in sub-Saharan Africa to refugee camps in Eastern Europe. It proves that India can be at the forefront of innovation, creating scalable solutions that can transform global health equity.

But the fight against TB is not done yet. The next challenge lies in ensuring that such diagnostics are accompanied by balanced access to treatment, nutrition, social protection and reduction of stigma. Studies have established that malnutrition accounts for about 40% of TB in India. The battle against TB will have to address all of these dimensions in order to succeed.

A call for continued investment, innovation We stand at a critical juncture. While the recognition of innovations such as point-of-care diagnostics is heartening, we must not lose sight of the bigger picture: TB is a disease of inequality. We must continue investing in innovation that integrates diagnostics with nutrition, contact tracing, digital adherence and vaccines. Only then can we ensure that no one is left behind in this global effort to eliminate TB.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

SIR,

I strongly feel that carrying out the job of the Special Interview Revision of electoral rolls can be assigned to unemployed graduates and postgraduates across Tamil Nadu (Tamil Nadu), "SIR,

work presenting completion of syllabus for half-yearly exam teachers", November 25. This is germane for other States too. Those who do the work can be given reasonable remuneration and also a certificate which will enhance their job

prospects. The Criter and the State government concerned can work out the financial implications of this plan. The sustained creation of jobs is a call to make the nation a 'developed' one. S. Ramakrishnaiah, Chennai

Writing today

Writers face challenges in penning their views, as the principle of free expression, which is a fundamental right, is often compromised by political pressures and social backlash. This environment of intolerance

creates a chilling effect, forcing writers to choose "self-censoring" to avoid personal risks (Open Page, November 10). The rise of digital media has amplified the risk of online abuse. Women journalists often face gendered online

threats. The challenge for modern-day writers lies in navigating a complex landscape. R. Swaminath, Chennai
Letters emailed to letters@thehindu.co.in must carry the postal address

Hidden cost of polluted groundwater

On a sweltering afternoon in Punjab, a farmer lowers his bucket into the well that has sustained his family for generations. The water looks clean, but tests reveal a different story: uranium levels far above the permissible limit. In nearby villages, children suffer skeletal deformities from fluoride-laced groundwater, while families spend what little they earn in hospital visits. What is happening here is not just a public health tragedy; it is an economic calamity unfolding silently beneath our feet.

The latest Annual Groundwater Quality Report (2024) paints a grim picture. Nearly one-fifth of samples from over 440 districts exceed safe contamination limits. In Punjab, almost a third show uranium above permissible levels, with fluoride, nitrate, and arsenic also widespread. India's dependence on groundwater, with 600 million people relying on it for drinking and most irrigation, makes this a national crisis.

The World Bank estimates that environmental degradation, largely from polluted water and soil, drains India of nearly 80 billion dollars each year, around 0.5% of GDP. Health costs from unsafe water run into billions annually, while waterborne diseases result in millions of lost working days.

People at risk

The link between contamination and human capital loss is especially alarming. In Gujarat's Mithamti district, fluoro-sis has disabled workers, reduced their earning capacity, and plunged households into cycles of wage loss and medical bills. Across the country, diarrhoeal illnesses kill hundreds of thousands of children under five each year; beyond these health tragedies, the consequences represent a steady erosion of India's most valuable resource: its people.

Agriculture, which employs over 40% of Indians, is also under siege. Soil degradation affects



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nearly a third of the country's land, with polluted irrigation water accelerating the decline. Heavy metals and residues in groundwater reduce yields and accumulate in crops. Research shows that farms near polluted stretches of water experience a drop in productivity and income.

The risks extend beyond village boundaries. Contamination undermines not only the quantity but also the quality of crops. International buyers are increasingly demanding traceability and safety standards, and instances of export rejections over contamination concerns highlight the dangers of complacency. If such problems spread to staples such as rice, vegetables, or fruits, India's \$50-billion agricultural export sector could face serious issues.

Groundwater contamination also deepens inequality. Wealthier households can buy bottled water or invest in filtration systems, but poorer families cannot.

Out-of-pocket expenses already account for most health spending, leaving households with little buffer. In rural areas, dependence on contaminated aquifers traps communities in cycles of ill health, debt, and declining productivity. The damage extends to the next generation, as children growing up with cognitive impairments from arsenic or fluoride exposure face limited prospects for education and employment.

Backed over-estimation, already more than one and a half times the sustainable limit in Punjab, forces farmers to drill deeper, worsening water quality and increasing fertilizer use, creating a vicious cycle that undermines the long-term viability of agriculture.

Way forward

Yet solutions exist if policymakers act with urgency. First, India needs a nationwide, real-time groundwater monitoring system with open access to data so communities know what they are drinking and irrigating with.

Second, enforcement against industrial effluents and untreated sewage must be strengthened; the current weak framework effectively allows industries to pass the costs onto society. Third, agricultural policy must shift away from input subsidies that encourage chemical overuse, towards incentives for crop diversification, organic practices, and micro-irrigation. Fourth, decentralised treatment systems, from community water filters to low-cost purification units, can provide immediate relief to affected villages.

In Nalgonda district, Telangana, community water purification units have provided safe drinking water to villages long plagued by fluorosis, leading to a measurable decline in new cases among children. In Punjab and Haryana, pilot programmes promoting diversification away from water-intensive paddy to pulses and millets have reduced pressure on aquifers, lowered chemical use, and increased farmer incomes.

These successes show that locally tailored interventions can deliver results while broader reforms are implemented. Finally, stricter export quality checks and farmer training are needed to safeguard India's reputation in global markets.

Groundwater contamination is not a marginal issue but a hidden economic drain. Unlike water scarcity, which can sometimes be reversed, contamination is often permanent. India faces a choice: continue treating contamination as invisible, allowing short-term gains to impose massive long-term losses, or recognise it as one of the country's most urgent challenges. To sustain growth and secure its future, India must act decisively.

The poison beneath our feet has been ignored too long. Delays will only raise the price. Half-measures are no longer enough; only bold, coordinated action can prevent this crisis from becoming a national catastrophe.

Views expressed are personal

Metro Rail projects ride into political row

Centre's refusal to clear the Metro projects triggers a political clash in Tamil Nadu

STATE OF PLAY

T. Ramakrishnan
columnist, Chennai-based writer



The Union government's rejection of the Metro Rail projects for Coimbatore and Madurai has provoked the ground for yet another fierce political battle between the ruling DMK-led front and the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP), the ruling party at the Centre.

During one of the norms stipulated in the 2017 Metro Rail Policy — that a city must have a population of at least two million to qualify for a mass transit system such as Metro Rail — the Union Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, in its November 14 communication to the Tamil Nadu government, referred to 2011 Census data showing Coimbatore's population at 1.58 million and Madurai at 1.5 million as the basis for its decision. Referring detailed project reports for the two cities, the Ministry stated that "the Metro projects are cost-intensive and should be planned carefully for long-term sustainability." It suggested other cost-effective urban transport systems, including the Bus Rapid Transit System.

The State government had followed the Union Ministry's guidelines while commissioning feasibility studies for the Mass Rapid Transit System in Coimbatore, Madurai, and three other tier-II cities in Tamil Nadu. Detailed project reports were eventually prepared by Chennai Metro Rail Limited for Madurai and Coimbatore and sent to the Centre, with a recommendation that the project can be met under a 50:50 equity sharing basis. While completely rejecting two corridors

have been proposed for nearly 35 kilometre in the case of Coimbatore, the other city is to have an elevated corridor of 36.3 km and an underground corridor of 5.3 km. Each project was estimated to cost around ₹1,000 crore.

Wide outrage

When the communication became public on November 18, it triggered loud protests from the ruling party and its allies. It was left to the BJP and its ally, Tamil Maanila Congress (OMC), to defend the move of the Union government, which was said to have come after 21 months. On Tuesday late evening, the DMK's information exclusively wing, on X, complained of the Centre's discrimination against Tamil Nadu vis-a-vis a couple of cities in north India, for which the approval had been given in the past despite "not fulfilling" the norm of a two-million population.

Senior BJP leader and legislator of Coimbatore (South), Vanathi Srinivasan, rejected the charge of bias against the State and contended that under the BJP-led National Democratic Alliance's reign at the Centre, the State had "received ₹1.3 lakh crore in rail funds, hardly the sign of any anti-Tamil Nadu agenda." She added that the State could submit the project proposal, "using urban agglomeration data, or give special justify-

tion — just as Agra Metro was approved for funding. Similar precedents exist for Bhopal and Patna." The TMCOM's chief and former Union Minister G.K. Viswan expressed hope that the projects would take off in the future.

On Wednesday morning, Chief Minister M.K. Stalin, in a post on X, accused the BJP-led government of using "dirty grounds" to deny the Metro Rail projects for the "Temple City" Madurai and "South India's Manchester" Coimbatore. The BJP's ally in the State, the ADMK, known for its strong base in Coimbatore and other western districts of the State, chose not to join the debate directly. However, its general secretary Adappadi K. Palaniswami, in a representation submitted to Prime Minister Narendra Modi, who was coincidentally in Coimbatore on Wednesday to attend a farmers' meet, appealed to the Centre to expedite the implementation of the Metro Rail projects. The ADMK's IT wing reported a statement issued by the BJP's State unit: the national party had explained that the Centre had "terminated" the metro proposals, adding for basic clarifications. A similar process was followed for metro extension projects in Bengaluru, in addition to Agra and Patna; the BJP added.

Even though the DMK and BJP find fault with each other over the present fate of the project proposals, they, however, sound optimistic about making the projects a reality. It remains to be seen how they are going to accomplish it, but what is certain is that the Coimbatore and Madurai Metro Rail projects will get featured in election manifestos of all major parties when Tamil Nadu goes to the polls in April-May.

How welfare delivery shaped, but did not decide, Bihar's elections

The Bihar verdict reflects how widespread welfare delivery, clear credit attribution, and powerful job promises shaped voter choices

DATA POINT

Yeha Aitihi

The 2023 Bihar Assembly elections delivered a result many had expected, but the intensity of the victory surprised several observers. Caste alignments and alliance partners continued to matter, yet welfare delivery emerged as a central, though not exclusive, factor shaping the verdict.

The National Democratic Alliance's (NDA) governance record and leadership, combined with the well-timed and highly visible rollout of welfare schemes, blurred the line between routine governance and election-focused initiatives. Evidence from a post-poll survey conducted by Polihikap reinforces this: welfare schemes in Bihar reached people on an unprecedented scale, and voters knew whom to credit, shaping their political perceptions and choices.

Welfare penetration

Welfare penetration during the Janata Dal (United) government was extensive. Going by survey responses, more than four-fifths of households benefited from the Har Ghar Nal Jal Yojana, and nearly seven in ten received support from the Har Ghar Nal Ka Jal Yojana. Women-focused initiatives also reached a large number of households. Roughly one-third of households benefited from the Balika Poshan Yojana, which provides school uniforms for girls, and about one-fifth availed the Swasthya Sahayata Shakti Yojana, offering a monthly allowance of ₹1,000 for unemployed youth seeking work.

A key political turning point in this election was the Mahatma Jyoti Balar Yojana, launched shortly before the elections, which provided a direct cash transfer of ₹10,000 to women. Nearly three in five respondents reported that they or someone in their house-



People's verdict: A view of NDA's victory in the Bihar Assembly elections, a Polls day on Sunday, Nov 19

hold had benefited from this scheme, highlighting its rapid and widespread reach. Beyond the immediate financial support, the scheme also reminded voters of NDA's long record of working for women through education support, bicycles, and other programmes. The mix of new and past benefits strengthened support, especially among women, for the ruling alliance.

Survey findings also indicated that the reach of these schemes was broad. Beneficiaries were spread across marginalised communities, rural households, and low-income groups, showing that the distribution was widespread.

Credit attribution

Crucially, what strengthened the ruling NDA alliance even further was the clarity of credit attribution. Almost seven in ten beneficiaries attributed the schemes to the State government, while about a quarter assigned credit to the Union government. Importantly, credit given to the Centre did not result in any political loss, since the JD(U) was part of the NDA at both the State and central levels. This clarity of credit sharply reduced the ruling coalition's political advantage from welfare delivery.

The data reveal an association between benefiting from schemes and voting behaviour. Beneficiaries of all the schemes showed higher support for the NDA compared

to non-beneficiaries. The effect was especially pronounced in schemes with the highest reach.

For the Mahila Nigrah Yojana (57% beneficiaries), 54% of beneficiaries voted for the NDA, compared with 35% of non-beneficiaries — an exceptionally large 19-percentage point advantage. For Har Ghar Nal Jal (82% beneficiaries), 49% of beneficiaries supported the NDA versus 34% of non-beneficiaries — a 15-point advantage.

For Har Ghar Nal Ka Jal (89% beneficiaries), 51% of beneficiaries backed the NDA compared with 37% of non-beneficiaries — a 14-point advantage.

Future promises

Beyond existing welfare schemes, voters' choices were also shaped by promises of future benefits, which likely functioned as prospective welfare initiatives. Survey data show that Tejashwi Yadav's promise of one government job per household influenced a substantial portion of respondents, with one-third (30%) reporting it affected their vote "a lot" and another 27% saying "somewhat".

Mr. Tejashwi's job promise resonated across caste groups. While supporters of Mahagadhimukh's (MGM) core supporters — Yadavs (22%) and Muslims (20%) — said it influenced their vote "a lot", significant shares of other communities were also affected: over a quarter of Khatris (27%) and other OBCs (25%)

also said it influenced their vote "a lot".

Although a smaller share, 12% of upper-caste voters also said the promise influenced their voting decision "a lot".

Among those highly influenced by this promise, nearly two-thirds (62%) voted for the NDA, while about one-fourth backed the MGM. As the influence of the promise weakened, the MGM's support declined, and NDA support rose, peaking among those who said the promise did not influence at all.

Caste-wise, 86% of Yadavs and 71% of Muslims, for whom the promise had a strong impact, voted for the NDA. Among non-MC communities, 12% of Khatris and Kooris, and nearly half of Dalits who strongly felt about the promise, also supported the alliance. This shows that the promise not only reinforced the caste support but also attracted some support from beyond it.

Similarly, the JD(U)'s commitment to create one crore government jobs for youth resonated strongly, influencing six of every ten respondents (58% "a lot" and 32% "somewhat"). These findings indicate that even as voters evaluated existing schemes, aspirational promises played a complementary role, reinforcing the ruling alliance's broader appeal.

Among voters who said JD(U)'s employment promise mattered "a lot", a little over three-fifths voted for the NDA, while about one-fifth supported the MGM. The NDA support declined modestly as the influence decreased, though not nearly as steeply as the drop in MGM support across the categories of Mr. Tejashwi's promise. This suggests that while Mr. Tejashwi's promise established MGM-leaving voters, the JD(U)'s promise helped consolidate the NDA's base.

The welfare paradox

Just over half (51%) felt that government schemes were merely election-time freebies that did lit-

tle to change people's lives, while nearly four in ten (37%) viewed them as a right of a citizen. And yet, they admit having benefited from the schemes. Views on pre-election cash transfers were even more critical: over 70% believed that giving money just before voting is wrong, while only about one-fifth saw nothing wrong with it.

Yet, when we examine actual voting patterns, the impact of these schemes became apparent. Among those who saw welfare as election-time freebies, a majority still voted for the parties delivering them: 34% backed the NDA and 54% supported the MGM. Those who considered welfare a citizen's right were slightly more evenly split, with 39% voting for the MGM and 40% for the NDA. This suggests that even voters with a critical or realistic understanding of the political purpose behind welfare measures were often persuaded to support the parties implementing them. This contradiction is also visible in the case of the HGS (100 Mahila Nigrah Yojana, 50% beneficiaries believed that pre-election transfers were wrong, suggesting that while they benefited, they were aware of the political intent behind their timing).

Non-beneficiaries expressed similar views, indicating that concerns about electoral manipulation extended across groups regardless of personal gain.

Proper implementation of a few key schemes added an important layer to the dynamics of the 2023 Bihar election. While it was not the only factor behind the NDA's victory, effective welfare delivery strengthened the ruling side's position. Even where voters questioned the timing or intent of new announcements, they still recognised benefits that reached them. This wide reach and clear credit attribution helped reinforce existing political support, contributing to the NDA's victory.

Views expressed are personal

FROM THE ARCHIVES

The Hindustan

FIFTY YEARS AGO NOVEMBER 26, 1975

FBI told Dr. King to commit suicide

Washington, November 25: Shortly before he was awarded the Nobel Prize, Dr. Martin Luther King received an anonymous letter written by the Federal Bureau of Investigation suggesting that he commit suicide or be executed.

The partial contents of the letter to Dr. King were released yesterday by the Senate Intelligence Committee during a public hearing on FBI domestic intelligence programmes.

"There is only one thing left to do and you know it," the letter said, "there only are 34 days left to do it and you know it must be done".

The Committee counsel Mr. Fred Schwartz, was interrupted at this point by Chairman Frank Church: "This was suggesting suicide!"

"Yes, sir," Mr. Schwartz replied.

Neither Mr. Schwartz nor Mr. Church gave any information as to the material the letter threatened to expose about Dr. King.

Mr. Schwartz said a draft of the letter was found in the file of the former Deputy FBI Director Mr. William Sullivan.

"He claims he did not write it, but that it was a plan by someone else in the FBI," Mr. Schwartz said. He said that copies were received by both Dr. King and his wife.

The letters were part of a concentrated effort by the FBI to discredit Dr. King, who was described in a 1962 memo by the late J. Edgar Hoover, former FBI director, as "No good."

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO NOVEMBER 26, 1925

Passengers' day

Bombay, November 20: This morning's papers are coming out with editorials and leaders' messages on the Passengers' Day, describing the innumerable woes of railway passengers in India. Mr. Naidu says: "Only those who, through necessity or choice, or as in my case turn and then for the sake of personal convenience and observation, travel in the crowded boxes known as third-class carriages, can realise the injustice of combining the maximum profit to the Railways with the maximum discomfort to the traveller." Hakim Ajmal Khan says: "Substantial and useful service to third-class passengers can be accomplished only if the Railway authorities take a genuine interest in the humanitarian object of the Association."

Text & Context

THE HINDU

NEWS IN NUMBERS

Unauthorised forex trading platforms on RBI's 'alert list'

95 The Reserve Bank of India added seven new names to its 'alert list' of unauthorised forex trading platforms, taking the total number to 95. The alert list contains names of entities which are not authorised to deal in forex under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.

The fine imposed on Cloudflare by Tokyo court over piracy

3.2 In 3 million, Tokyo's district court on Wednesday ordered Cloudflare to pay \$3.2 million to major Japanese publishers after the U.S. firm was accused of hosting services for manga piracy sites. Four major publishing firms accused Cloudflare of copyright infringement.

Risk of developing arthritis from exposure to PM2.5

12-18 In percent, As WHO enters its winter phase with increasing smog, physicians are sounding the alarm on a dual threat: A 2025 study found that long-term exposure to fine particulate matter (PM2.5) increases the risk of developing arthritis by 12-18%.

The funds required for recovery operations in Afghanistan

128.8 In 1 million A. U.N. led assessment says Afghanistan requires \$128.8 million to restore housing, utilities and key services in its quake-hit provinces, warning that reconstruction faces "significant shortfalls" as donor support falls sharply.

Projects approved by U.P. govt. to strengthen State's canal system

95 Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath approved 95 canal projects aimed at enhancing the irrigation network's capacity and ensuring an uninterrupted water supply. Once completed, the projects will directly benefit nearly 9 lakh farmers.

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The threat of digital tradecraft in terrorism

A car explosion near Delhi's Red Fort on November 10, killing at least 15 people and injuring over 30, has revealed the use of advanced digital tradecraft in terrorist attacks. This is a sobering reminder that the next frontier in counterterrorism is not just on the physical terrain, but also in encrypted and deeply private digital spaces.

EXPLAINED

Kripa Naair

The story so far:

The unfolding investigation into the recent car explosion near Delhi's Red Fort has exposed a chilling dimension — modern terror modules are no longer merely exploiting ideological or logistical networks; they are also leveraging advanced digital tradecraft to plan and coordinate such attacks. While law enforcement agencies continue to verify all leads, emerging revelations from the probe rely on well-established academic research on how violent actors exploit encrypted platforms, decentralised networks, and spy-style communication to evade surveillance.

What happened?

On November 10, a car exploded near Gate No. 1 of the Red Fort Metro Station. The blast killed at least 15 people, and over 30 others were injured, making it one of the deadliest terror incidents in Delhi in recent memory. Indian authorities moved quickly to treat the incident as a terrorist attack, rather than a mere accident, and handed over the investigation to the National Investigation Agency (NIA) under counter-terrorism laws.

Central to the probe are three doctors allegedly connected to the terror module: Dr. Umar Us Nubi, Dr. Muhammad Ghouse, and Dr. Shahwan Shabir, all linked to the Al Fatah University in Kandahar. According to investigators, these individuals were deeply involved in the operational planning of the attack.

What were the major findings?

In fact, some of the more alarming aspects uncovered include:

Encrypted communication: The trio is alleged to have communicated via the Threema messaging app. Threema, a platform known for its high privacy design, Threema does not require a phone number or email to register; instead, it assigns users a random user ID unlinked to any personal identifier. Investigators suspect that the three accused may have established their own private Threema server, creating a closed, isolated network through which they shared maps, layouts, documents, and instructions. The server may have been hosted either within India or abroad (investigations are ongoing as to its origin). Threema's architecture is particularly useful to evade detection because it offers end-to-end encryption, no storage of metadata, and allows message deletion from both ends. These features make it extremely difficult for digital forensics teams to reconstruct full communication chains.

Sharing information using 'dead drop emails': In what is being described as a classic 'spy-style' technique, the suspects apparently used a shared email account accessible to all module members to communicate via instant drafts, instead of sending messages, they would save drafts; another member would log in, read or update them, and delete them — leaving no outgoing or incoming record on conventional mail logs. This method, sometimes referred to as a 'dead drop', is particularly insidious because it generates almost no digital footprint.

Reconnaissance and ammunition stockpiling: As per interrogations and forensic data, the accused conducted multiple reconnaissance missions in Delhi before the attack. Investigators allege that



Remains of the debris: The Delhi police cordoned off the blast scene near Delhi on November 10.

ammunition nitrate, a powerful industrial explosive, was stockpiled, possibly via a red light vehicle that has now been seized. The use of a familiar vehicle, rather than something more suspicious, may have helped the module remain under the radar during logistics buildup.

Operational discipline and external linkages: Sources suggest that Dr. Umar, who was reportedly the driver of the car that caused the blast, 'switched off his phones' and cut digital ties after the arrest of his associates, a sophisticated tactic to limit exposure. Moreover, though investigations are ongoing, some sources suggest that the attack has links with the Jaish-e-Muhammed (JeM) or was following a JeM-inspired module. The layered communication architecture — encrypted apps, dead-drop emails — coupled with infrequent but deliberate physical meet-ups, suggests a cell that treats operational security among its highest priorities.

What about academic scholarship?

The tactics reportedly used in this attack directly align with patterns documented in counterterrorism scholarship. Researchers have long warned that extremist actors are increasingly using end-to-end encrypted (E2EE) tools in coordination, share files, and plan in relative anonymity.

Apps like Threema, which minimise or eliminate metadata retention, make it significantly harder for surveillance agencies to reconstruct communication graphs. Moreover, by running a private server, the threat actor effectively bypasses centralised infrastructure and associated law-enforcement touchpoints. The use of instant email drafts is characteristic of old-school 'spycraft' adapted to the digital age. This method leaves no obvious transmission record,

thereby thwarting standard surveillance or legal intercepts.

The blending of encrypted apps, anti-trace techniques (like VPNs), and physical tradecraft (vehicles, assumed digital footprint) suggests a multi-domain approach to operational security — exactly what academic counterterrorism analysts have been warning about for years.

What are the implications?

As more terror modules adopt privacy-preserving technologies, traditional surveillance such as phone tapping, metadata collection, and email intercepts have become less effective. This should force law enforcement agencies to rethink investigative architectures.

Threema is reportedly banned in India under Section 69A of the Information Technology Act, 2008, yet the suspects seem to have continued using it via VPNs and foreign proxies. This suggests that bans alone may not stem the misuse of such apps, especially by sophisticated operators. Investigators need advanced capabilities such as being able to track private servers, reverse engineer encrypted networks, and apply memory forensics to many such modules. Standard device seizures may not be sufficient without specialised technical expertise.

Moreover, if a link to external handlers (such as the JeM) is proved to be true, this attack may be part of a wider network. The level of planning and security discipline shown suggests not a lone cell, but a well-trained, possibly transnational, group.

What are some policy solutions?

There are multiple policy and strategic solutions to strengthen counterterrorism

capabilities and posture. First, is to build a dedicated digital forensics teams. There is a necessity to establish and expand teams skilled in encrypted-platform analysis, server forensics, and memory dumping to recover ephemeral data. The government should invest in units that specifically monitor misuse of E2EE platforms, messaging services, and VPN exit nodes for potential terror tradecraft.

Secondly, self-hosted communication infrastructure needs to be regulated. The state needs to craft regulatory frameworks mandating private servers hosting communication platforms to comply with lawful access obligations, while balancing privacy rights. Cooperation with technology providers needs to be encouraged in order to enable lawful interception under strictly controlled, judicially supervised processes.

Third, legal frameworks need to be enhanced. For example, counterterrorism laws need to be updated so that it explicitly addresses threats posed by encrypted, decentralised communication. Introduce or refine digital drop-drop detection mechanisms in investigations. Law enforcement should be trained to look for shared accounts, dead-only mailboxes, and similar tradecraft.

Fourth, community and institutional engagement needs to be prioritised. The fact that the suspects were reportedly doctors from a university is deeply concerning; such institutions need support to detect radicalisation early. Counter-radicalisation programs tailored to highly educated recruits may be deployed. Modules operating in professional spaces (lecture, academics) are often less visible, but may wield more technical or ideological sophistication.

And finally, international collaboration needs to be strengthened. Given the possible transnational nature (encrypted apps, private servers, cross-border fundings) of the attack, the state should deepen cooperation with foreign intelligence and law enforcement agencies. It should also encourage tech diplomacy, and engage with countries where encrypted-messaging apps like Threema are hard to explore lawful but privacy-respecting access to self-hosted infrastructure linked to terror cases. There should also be public awareness about how modern terror cells operate.

What next?

The Red Fort blast investigation illustrates how modern terrorist modules are evolving rapidly. They no longer rely solely on brute force or mass propaganda — they are integrating advanced digital tradecraft with traditional radicalisation and operational planning.

These developments mandate strongly with academic insights into extremist behaviour in the digital age. As violent actors become more technically adept, states too must adapt — not just by strengthening brute-force capacity, but by cultivating sophisticated, multidisciplinary intelligence, cyber forensics, and legal tools.

For India — and democracies globally — this case is a sobering reminder that the next frontier in counterterrorism is not just on the physical terrain, but also in encrypted, decentralised, and deeply private digital spaces. If we are to safeguard our cities and societies, we must meet this threat not only on the streets and borders, but also on servers and in code.

The author is a retired Additional Director General of the Indian Coast Guard.

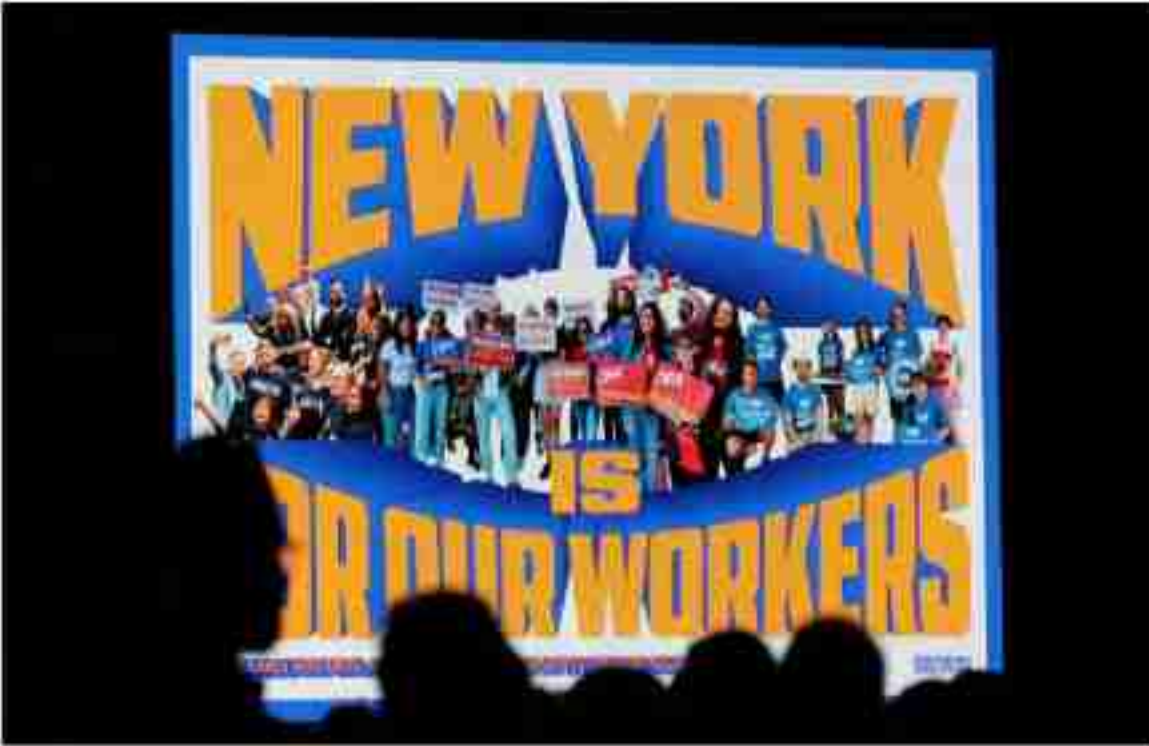
THE GIST

Central to the probe are three doctors allegedly connected to the terror module: Dr. Umar Us Nubi, Dr. Muhammad Ghouse, and Dr. Shahwan Shabir, all linked to the Al Fatah University in Kandahar.

There is a step to have communication via the Threema messaging app. Threema, a platform known for its high privacy design, Threema does not require a phone number or email to register; instead, it assigns users a random user ID unlinked to any personal identifier.

The Red Fort blast investigation illustrates how modern terrorist modules are evolving rapidly. They no longer rely solely on brute force or mass propaganda — they are integrating advanced digital tradecraft with traditional radicalisation and operational planning.

BIBLIOGRAPHY



A new photo: A crowd's seen at a screen during a campaign rally for New York City Mayor-elect Zohran Mamdani in New York City on October 16, 2025

Zohran Mamdani and the economics of democratic socialism

With the New York Mayor-elect's brand of welfare politics in the spotlight, we read a host of writers including Thomas Piketty and Robin Archer who have weighed in on whether socialism can return to the forefront of political life by pursuing the objective of economic democracy

Adnan Hossain

In his victory speech, New York City's Mayor-elect Zohran Mamdani declared, "I am a democratic socialist." It certainly rekindled renewed interest in learning what democratic socialism is and what its economics are.

Mamdani was portraying a progressive programme that included, among other things, universal childcare, free bus service, frozen rents, and a higher minimum wage to make the highly expensive city more affordable. In fact, Mamdani quoted prominent American socialist activist and trade unionist Eugene Debs from the late 19th and early 20th centuries. He also referred to a 1993 speech by Martin Luther King Jr. "I call myself a democratic socialist in many ways inspired by the words of Dr. King from decades ago who said, 'Call it democracy or call it democratic socialism. There has to be a better distribution of wealth for all of God's children in this country,'" he said. "And as income inequality has declined nationwide, it has increased in New York City. And, ultimately, what we need is a city where every single person can thrive."

Earlier, during his 2025 presidential campaign, Bernie Sanders raised awareness of democratic socialism. Sanders, a registered independent, described himself as a democratic socialist who supports workplace democracy in the form of worker cooperatives and union democracy. He also admires elements of Nordic social democracy.

Social initiatives
Ideals and Ideology: A Reader (2025), edited by Richard Dagger and Daniel L. O'Neill, is an extensive collection of classic and modern readings that encompasses all of the major "isms." Sanders, a senator from Vermont, explained his views in the chapter titled

"On Democratic Socialism in the United States" in the book and demonstrated how many of the core government initiatives and policies that a majority of Americans consider essential today were once mocked as "socialist." President Franklin D. Roosevelt's New Deal programmes like Social Security, minimum wage regulations, unemployment insurance, and the forty-hour work week; President Lyndon B. Johnson's Great Society initiatives like Medicare and Medicaid, which provide the impoverished and old with the bare minimum of medical insurance; and many more are examples of this. In contrast to some socialists, Sanders opposed government ownership of the means of production.

So what exactly is democratic socialism? While proponents of democratic socialism typically advocate for the government to assume control over certain economic sectors, like utilities and healthcare, for the benefit of the general public, there is no universally applicable definition of this ideology. Socialist countries typically have democratic elections and multiple political parties. The majority have mixed economies too. For instance, despite having strong welfare systems, Denmark, Iceland, Finland, Norway, and Sweden all combine elements of capitalism with socialism.

The economics of democratic socialism has been the subject of numerous book-length discussions that offer various perspectives, including theoretical, historical, and policy-oriented. The 1993 book *Socialist Economy* by G.D.H. Cole was a foundational text describing the ethical underpinnings of democratic socialism and how it differs from laissez-faire classical economics. It provides fundamental theory that is helpful in comprehending how democratic socialism defines its economic position, which is carefully distinguished from Keynesian neo-classical ideas.

According to Francis Fukuyama's 1990 EPW article "Some Reflections on Primitive Obscurities of Socialism," socialism was having trouble adjusting to market competition and political democracy without sacrificing its fundamental egalitarian ideals. To tackle the problem, socialist thinkers must create new institutional mechanisms and modify existing ones, suggested Francis Fukuyama.

The feasibility question
Robin Archer's 1995 book *Economic Democracy: The Politics of Socialism* may be viewed through this lens. Socialism can return to the forefront of political life in advanced capitalist countries by pursuing the objective of economic democracy, Archer argued. In economic democracy, according to him, firms function as a market economy but are run by their workers. He demonstrated how it preserves the benefits of a corporate industrial relationship structure while appealing to the principle of individual freedom. It focuses on how a socialist economy might be feasibly organised – that is, realistic rather than idealistic.

French economist Thomas Piketty has authored books in which his analysis and recommendations heavily centre on that area of democratic socialist economics. His *Ideology and Capital* (2025) is a comprehensive historical, ideological, and political economic analysis of inequality regimes. Crucially, it contains a suggested programme of what Piketty refers to as "participatory socialism," which is conceptually very close to democratic socialism despite some subtle differences in emphasis and framing.

'Participatory socialism'
"The system I call participatory socialism rests on social ownership, social control over capital, and permanent stimulation of property, combined with shared power within firms and democratic participation

in all forms of decision-making," Piketty states in *Capital and Ideology*. In essence, this is democratic socialism, but expressed in a way that makes sense in terms of modern policy and is backed by a wealth of historical evidence.

While democratic socialism focuses on progressive taxation and social welfare for redistribution, participatory socialism also includes the concept of a universal capital grant. Thus, it can be viewed as democratic socialism 2.0 that incorporates participation, education, and wealth distribution. It's less revolutionary and more reformist. In essence, Piketty asks a structural adjustment to wealth inequality to the Nordic success narrative, something that even Scandinavia hasn't entirely accomplished.

In his 2025 paper, "Justice, Power, and Participatory Socialism: on Piketty's Capital and Ideology," published in *Analysis & Kritik*, Martin O'Neill explored how Piketty's ideas for "participatory socialism" would disperse economic power within society in addition to redistributing wealth and income. Piketty's participatory socialism offers a useful and persuasive collection of suggestions for reworking our economies and society from the ravages of hypercapitalism, according to Martin.

Let's return to the aftermath of democratic socialism (re)lived to Mamdani's triumph. "To me, it's this radical idea that working people have economic rights," US Representative Alexandria Ocasio-Cortez, a Democrat, defined democratic socialism, listing housing, a livable wage, healthcare, and childcare as examples.

Can democratic socialist candidates running outside of New York City, however, use Mamdani's strategy as a winning model? Supporters certainly find lessons from Mamdani's accomplishment, but it's not that simple.

Adnan Hossain is Professor of Statistics, Indian Statistical Institute, Kolkata



Language in conversation

Yashash R. Venkiah

"Genie, help me! My math calculations and thoughts are doing somersaults and spinning in circles!"

"What's it now, dear?"

"Genie, I've been wrestling with this math puzzle for nearly an hour, and I still can't crack it. It feels painfully torturous!"

"Little Man! It feels torturous to you only because the puzzle itself is torturous."

"Oh, for God's sake, stop your vocabulary assemblage. Genie! My mind is already doing cartwheels."

"Moon, calm your brain. 'Torturous' means something so difficult or full of suffering that it squashes your soul the way a lemon is squeezed. It becomes so unbearable that you clutch your head and howl at the ceiling like a confined little wolf. But the puzzle you are trying to solve is torturous. 'Torturous' means tortois and nouns, full of changes in direction, never simple or straightforward. The puzzle is squeezing you, so it feels torturous to you. But the puzzle itself is like a maze, too entangled and complicated, and that is why it is torturous."

"Wow, Genie. Your language lesson is surprisingly enlightening."

"Glad to hear it, Moon. That math puzzle was 'enervating' to the point that you looked like a potted, deflated balloon, but I somehow managed to 'enervate' you with a dose of vocabulary wizardry."

"Genie, I barely wrapped my head around 'torturous' and 'tortuous', and now you've tossed two more words at me. What's this 'enervate' and 'enervate' business? All the words are running over one another and doing acrobatics in my brain."

"Moon, 'enervate' means to fill you with power, excitement, and spark. It happens when your brain suddenly feels happy, starts dancing again, and you feel energised and refreshed. 'Enervate' is the opposite. It means to drain your energy until you droop like a phone battery stuck at one per cent. It's like drinking glucose when you're tired and then immediately feeling a math puzzle enervate you all over again."

"Interesting, Genie... since you've energised my brain, explain this too. What parts of speech are these four words you taught me and how do I use them correctly in sentences?"

"Moon, listen carefully. These four little words resemble hyacinths in two different kingdoms of grammar: 'torturous' and 'tortuous' are always adjectives. They describe things, that is, nouns or pronouns. A torturous exam, a tortuous path, a tortuous puzzle that makes you annoyed and drained. Adjectives are simply labels you stick on nouns or pronouns to show what kind of creature, person, or thing they are."

"Understood, Genie... now don't leave me hanging. What about 'enervate' and 'enervate'? What category do these two fit into?"

"Moon, 'enervate' and 'enervate' are verbs – action words. They show what something does. One verb fills your battery, the other sucks it dry like a greedy little vacuum. Example: The scorching sun enervated the children, and they stopped playing."

"Genie, wait, I still find the examples. A swim in cold water always enervates me. Right?"

"Perfect, Moon."

THE DAILY QUIZ

The qualification rounds for the 2026 FIFA men's World Cup have wrapped up. Here is a quiz on one of the most anticipated tournaments in the world

Yashash R. Venkiah

QUESTION 1

How many countries will take part in the knockout stage and how many slots are left to be filled through playoffs?

QUESTION 2

Which country was the first to qualify for the tournament along with the hosts?

QUESTION 3

Name the confederation which will host its own play-off tournament for slots of the remaining slots.

QUESTION 4

While Mexico secured the only spot allocated to CONCACAF, name the country from the confederation which is headed to the intercontinental play-offs.

QUESTION 5

Ahead of the play-offs, how many countries are set to play their first ever World Cup in 2026 home game?



Quick question

Name the nation which became the smallest ever (by population) to qualify for the tournament after securing a win against Jamaica on Tuesday.

Questions and Answers to the previous day's daily quiz: 1. Mary Shelley wrote the book as part of a ghost story competition with her friends during the wet summer of 1816. The competition was the idea of the English Romantic poet, **Ans: Lord Byron** 2. The author of *A Golem Story*, **Ans: Horace Walpole**

3. A novel and its author are part of the title of the film starring Gary Oldman, Willem Dafoe, Robin Williams, and Anthony Hopkins. **Ans: Brian Stiller's Dracula**

4. Name this Gothic novel written by a Scottish writer. **Ans: Strange Case of Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde**

5. This short story was adapted by Mike Flanagan into a miniseries. **Ans: The Fall of the House of Usher**

6. Following insights was repackaged after the success of this series. **Ans: The Twilight series by Stephenie Meyer** **Early Birds:** Sathish (Narasimhan), Anshu Kumar (Kumar), Geeta (Sudha), Saurabh (Saurabh), Anshu (Anshu)

Word of the day

Prefix:

Indicating prolonged or unwilling to speak or write at great length.

Synonym:

Usage: like a willing wordle manuscript

Pronunciation:

International Phonetic Alphabet: /ˌwɜːrɪd/

International Phonetic Alphabet:

For feedback and suggestions for Text & Context, please write to letters@thehindu.co.in with the subject Text & Context

From Page One

India's Russian oil cuts predate U.S. tariffs: data

"The Trump tariff had come during that time," the official said. "Yes, they are a factor to be kept in mind, but they are not driving Indian policies."

Since the 50% tariffs were imposed, U.S. President Donald Trump has been repeatedly claiming that India will be cutting its imports of Russian oil, something the Indian government has neither confirmed nor denied.

Separately, formal trade talks between India and the U.S. have resumed after a brief hiatus, with statements again being made about tranching of a Bilateral Trade Agreement expected to be concluded "soon".

Several Indian Ministers have asserted that India will make its energy import decisions as per its needs and best interests, and not under duress.

The reduction of Russian oil is not just in absolute terms, but also in terms of its share in India's total oil imports. Russian oil accounted for about 45% of India's total oil imports in September 2024, which came down to 34% by September 2025. However, rather than a one-off, the data confirm that this is part of a longer process.

Russia's share in India's oil imports grew from 15% in 2020-21 to 25% in 2021-22, before jumping to 49% in 2022-23, 33.4% in 2023-24, and 35.1% in 2024-25. The first six months of 2025-26 had, however, snapped this four-year increasing trend, with Russia's share falling to 32.2% in the April-September period.

Diversified Imports

Russia's war in Ukraine, the resultant sanctions on it by the U.S. and Europe, and the discounts it provided India resulted in a significant shift in India's oil import basket for a few years after the war started, with an increasing dependence on Russia.

Some of that is now reversing itself as India has started shifting away from Russian oil. In 2021-22, the U.S. accounted for 9.2% of India's oil imports and the UAE accounted for 12.4%. This was when Russia accounted for only 2% of India's oil imports. By 2024-25, Russia accounted for 35.1% of India's oil, while the shares of the U.S. and the UAE had fallen to 4.6% and 9.7%, respectively.

In the first six months of 2025-26, the U.S. share has once again increased to 19% and that of the UAE to 11.3%, even as Russia's share has fallen to 32.2%.

Nitish to be sworn in as Bihar CM for 10th time

All the top leaders of the NDA constituents, including Lok Janshakti Party (Ram Vilas) chief Chirag Paswan, Rashtriya Lok Manch (RLM) chief Upendra Kushwaha and Hindustani Awam Morcha (Bachchan) founder Jitan Ram Manjhi and his party president Santosh Kumar Mishra, were present.

Mr. Choudhary proposed Mr. Kumar's name, and senior BJP leader Bhramendra Pradhan called for a show of hands, leading to Mr. Kumar's unanimous election.

Following this, Mr. Kumar and other NDA leaders visited Raj Bhawan, where he submitted his resignation as head of the outgoing government to Governor Anil Mohan Singh and stated claims to form the new government by presenting the list of NDA MLAs. The Governor accepted his resignation and requested him to continue as acting Chief Minister until the new government is sworn in.

The oath-taking ceremony will be held at 11:30 a.m. on November 20 at Gandhi Maidan in Patna, in the presence of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, Union Ministers Amit Shah and Rajnath Singh, BJP chief J.P. Nadda, and several other dignitaries.

SC scraps provisions of Tribunal Reforms Act

Justice Chandran separately added that the 2023 Act was "not a win in a new battle, the wide when not the judicial palace, but the battle merely circles". The Bench said that Parliament had "ignored" the defects that the court pointed out in the ordinance, and "blatantly" transferred its provisions in a slightly altered form to the 2023 Act.

Chief Justice (CJ) concluded the Act was nothing but a "legislative override" of the binding Supreme Court judgment of 2022.

The CJ dismissed the Centre's argument, presented by Attorney-General R. Venkatesh, that Parliament had "discretion to ignore the decisions of the Supreme Court".

Noting that judicial review of laws is a basic feature of the Constitution, the CJ said that by bringing the 2023 Act, Parliament and the Centre had brushed aside the supremacy of the Constitution. The Bench quoted B.R. Ambedkar, who said that "if the executive is honest to working the Constitution, it must act in accordance with the judicial decisions given by the Supreme Court".

The judgment was based on a bunch of petitions filed, among others, by the Madras Bar Association and Congress leader Jitendra Kumar. They argued that the Act was a "clear" violation of the 2022 ordinance.

Mr. Nataraj had argued that the 2023 Act saved a "serious threat to judicial independence" by giving the government wide powers to make rules on the appointments, service conditions, salaries, etc. of members of crucial tribunals in which the Centre itself was the largest litigant. The petitioners had submitted that the 2023 Act was passed without parliamentary debate and rushed in the House.

SC declines quota for promotee judges in HJS

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Supreme Court on Wednesday refused to grant a quota for promotee judges in the Higher Judicial Service (HJS), saying perceived discrimination and heartburn without something more in the form of a legal claim or even a legitimate expectation cannot result in creating an artificial classification of members within a cadre.

A five-judge Constitution Bench headed by Chief Justice of India N.K. Lakshminarayanan said that in the selection grade and super time scale within the HJS is based on merit and seniority within the cadre, and cannot depend on the length of service or performance in the lower ranks of the judiciary.

The court listed guidelines for the filling up of the district judge posts and said the seniority of officers within the HJS should be determined through an annual four-point roster, filed by officers appointed in the particular year in the reporting sequence of two regular promotions, one promoted through Limited Departmental Competitive Examinations and one direct recruit.

Seven Maoists, including 3 women, killed in A.P.

Tech Shankar, a specialist in technical operations, was among those slain, say police; encounter came a day after Maoist commander Machi Hiddma and five others were killed in the same district

Rajulagudi Krishna
VISHAKHAPATNAM

Seven Maoists were killed in an encounter with the police in the Mandanall forests of Anaparthi Mandal, Rayachoti district in Andhra Pradesh early on Wednesday.

This is the second encounter in the past 24 hours in the forests near G.M. Valara of the same district.

Murali Joga Rao, alias Tech Shankar, the CP (Maoist) central committee member in charge of the Rayachoti District, was among those killed, Mahesh Chandra Lalitha, Additional District Officer of Police (Intelligence), said. Jyothi, alias Saritha, former guard commander of slain Maoist leader Nandamuri Venkateswara Rao, was among those killed, Mahesh Chandra Lalitha, Additional District Officer of Police (Intelligence), said. Jyothi, alias Saritha, former guard commander of slain Maoist leader Nandamuri Venkateswara Rao, was among those killed, Mahesh Chandra Lalitha, Additional District Officer of Police (Intelligence), said.

The encounter took place around 7 a.m. Three women and four male Maoists were killed in the exchange of fire on Wednesday," Mr. Lalitha said at a



NSG and police officers, including Mahesh Chandra Lalitha, Deputy Range Officer (CP), Rayachoti, and other officers looking at the weapons seized from the arrested Maoists in Rayachoti on Wednesday (N.K.K.)

press conference. A few of the Maoists who managed to escape from the police in Tuesday's exchange of fire were killed in Wednesday's firing, the intelligence chief added.

"CP (Maoist) in-charge central committee member of Andhra Pradesh (CP) Murali Joga Rao, alias Tech Shankar, who specialised in technical operations in the banned outfit, was among those killed in the encounter," Mr. Lalitha said. Top Maoist commander Machi Hiddma and his wife, Madanika Rao, were among six killed in a similar encounter on Tuesday.

Hiddma was a central committee member and



Inspector of M.P. elite force killed in Chhattisgarh

The Hindu Bureau
RAIPUR

An Inspector of the elite anti-Maoist Hawk Force in Madhya Pradesh died on Wednesday after sustaining bullet injuries during an encounter with Maoists in Rajnandgaon district of Chhattisgarh, officers said.

According to the police, Ashish Sharma, 40, was leading a Hawk Force platoon as part of an interstate joint operation in the dense forests near the Madhya Pradesh-Chhattisgarh-Maharashtra tri-junction.

Hawk Force Commandant Shyam K.M. told The Hindu that the team faced sudden ambush, triggering an exchange in which Mr. Sharma suffered bullet injuries in his thigh and abdomen.

Stalin says Centre denied Metro Rail for Coimbatore, Madurai on 'flimsy grounds'

The Hindu Bureau
CHENNAI

Tamil Nadu Chief Minister N.E. Stalin on Wednesday accused the BJP government at the Centre of denying Metro Rail projects for Madurai and Coimbatore on "flimsy grounds".

In a post on X, the Chief Minister said, "The Union BJP government has denied Metro Rail for 'Temple City' Madurai and 'South India's Manchester' Coimbatore on flimsy grounds. A government exists to serve people without bias. Yet, the Union BJP government is denying Metro Rail projects for Madurai and Coimbatore on 'flimsy grounds'."

In a post on X, the Chief Minister said, "The Union BJP government has denied Metro Rail for 'Temple City' Madurai and 'South India's Manchester' Coimbatore on flimsy grounds. A government exists to serve people without bias. Yet, the Union BJP government is denying Metro Rail projects for Madurai and Coimbatore on 'flimsy grounds'."

Mr. Stalin said pushing such a political custom in which BJP-ruled States get Metro, for smaller Tier-II cities while the Opposition-ruled States are deprived, was a "disgraceful



approach

'Land of self-respect'

"Tamil Nadu, the land of self-respect, will never accept such distortion of federal principles," he added.

"When they Centre attempted to snail the Chennai Metro, we mounted three malicious attempts and kept the project progressing. With the same determination, we will secure the Metro Rail for Madurai and Coimbatore require for their future

A government exists to serve people without bias. Yet, the Union BJP government is denying Metro Rail projects for Madurai and Coimbatore on "flimsy grounds".

N.E. STALIN
@stalin

NIA arrests Anmol Bishnoi, accused in Siddique murder, after deportation from U.S.

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The National Investigation Agency (NIA) on Wednesday arrested Anmol Bishnoi, the younger brother of jailed "gangster" Lawrence Bishnoi, following his deportation from the United States to India.

Anmol, heavy security arrangements, he was produced in a court that sent him to the agency's custody for 14 days.

He had been on the run since 2022 and is the 19th person held in the NIA's terror gangster conspiracy case. He was charged with helping his brother and designated "terrorist" Golu Bishnoi carry out terror activities between 2020 and 2023. The probe agencies suspect his role in the killing of former Maharashtra Minister Babu Siddique in 2024. At that time, Law-



Anmol Bishnoi being brought to the Patna House Court, after he was reported to India from the U.S. on Wednesday (P)

rence Bishnoi was lodged in the Subarnpur Central Jail in Ahmedabad. He alleged aide Golu Bishnoi claimed responsibility for the murder, through a Facebook post, linking it to the death of Anuj Thapar in police custody.

Anmol was arrested by the Mumbai police for alleged by operating the outside Bombay, across Sultan Khan's house on April 14, 2024. Anmol's involvement is also alleged in the

Al Falah chief sent to 13-day custody; ED cites group's rapid rise since 1990s

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

A Delhi court on Wednesday sent Javed Ahmed Siddiqui, chairman-chairman of Al Falah University, to Enforcement Directorate custody for 13 days.

Mr. Siddiqui is the founder of the Al Falah Group, which, according to the agency, witnessed a "meteoric rise" since the 1990s.

Spread over 70 acres in (Gurgaon village) of Haryana, the university came into the limelight after three doctors working with the institution were found allegedly to be part of a "terror" spook.

Two doctors, Muhammad Ali and Shabir Ahmad, were held while the third one - identified as Umar bin Nabil - later turned out to be the person behind the wheel of the car that exploded near the Red Fort on November 10. The institution has distanced itself from the case and offered to cooperate with the investigation.

In 1992, Mr. Siddiqui set up a company named Al Falah Investment. It is alleged that following a com-



Al Falah University is run by the W.F.A.M. Charitable Trust with Javed Ahmed Siddiqui being named as one of the first trustees, as

plex in 1995, with Mr. Siddiqui being named as one of the first trustees and designated as its managing trustee. The ED has alleged that the university, through these deceptive practices, has continued to attract admissions, and accumulate substantial monetary gains, thereby enriching itself at the cost of students' trust, future, and legitimate expectations.

"The entire Al Falah Group has seen a meteoric rise since the 1990s, metamorphosing into a large educational body. However, the financials of the various entities are at variance with the huge amount of assets/wealth accumulated by the group. The Proceeds of Crime are also seen to have been diverted/layered on various occasions," it has alleged.

Bangladesh invites NSA Ajit Doval to visit Dhaka amid tense ties

Kalid Bhattacharjee
NEW DELHI

Amid tense bilateral ties, Bangladesh's National Security Adviser Khulair Rahman has invited Indian National Security Adviser Ajit Doval to visit Dhaka. The invitation was extended by the Bangladesh side during a meeting between the two NSAs that took place in New Delhi on Wednesday, ahead of the 7th Meeting of the National Security Advisers of the Colombo Security Conclave on Thursday.

The visit of the Bangladesh team, led by Mr. Rahman, has drawn attention as it occurred a day after the International Crimes Tribunal delivered death sentence for former



Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina, who is in exile in India. The meeting between Mr. Doval and Mr. Rahman discussed "very bilateral issues", said a press release from the High Commission of Bangladesh, Mr. Doval will host his counterparts from Maldives, Mauritius, Sri Lanka, and Bangladesh at the Colombo Security Conclave, the Ministry of External Affairs said in an announcement.

INBRIEF



Delhi HC gives nod for release of 120 Bahadur this week

The Delhi High Court on Wednesday gave its nod to the release of the Farhan Akhtar starrer movie 120 Bahadur on November 21, clearing a plea challenging its CBFC certification on the grounds that it distorts historical facts. The court noted it was too late to change the poster and release date of the film and that the producers have mentioned the names of the soldiers at the end of the movie in the form of a special tribute. The court cleared the petition after the Farhan Akhtar Regiment Marcha and the families of Kargil La soldiers agreed to accept the film's title on the condition that all 120 soldiers' names were included.

Court bars transfer of Azam Khan, son outside Rampur jail

The Special MP/MLA Court in Rampur on Wednesday directed that senior Bharatiya Kisan Party (BKP) leader Azam Khan and his son Abdullah Azam Khan be kept in the Rampur district jail and not be shifted to any other facility without the prior permission. Special Judge Rochit Kumar gave the order on an application by Khan pleading that he be lodged in Rampur district jail due to "poor health" and that over 100 cases are pending against him, and 45 cases against his son, most of which are being tried in Rampur. After hearing both sides, the court ordered the Rampur jail superintendent to ensure that the hearings in the cases take place in Rampur and the two should be lodged in the district jail.

Press bodies question data protection Act and its rules

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

News media associations expressed concerns that the Digital Personal Data Protection Rules (DPDPR), 2023, did not address their concerns that the rules law — the DPDPR Act, 2023, which has been partially notified — could hurt journalistic newsgathering.

The Editors Guild of India, in a statement, said, "While the Guild has earlier highlighted the Act's shortcomings, which included the dilution of the Right to Information regime and the absence of any explicit journalistic exceptions, the newly issued Rules continue to leave critical questions unanswered for journalists and media organisations."

S. Krishnan, Secretary, Electronics and Information Technology Ministry, had met representatives of the Guild and DIPP, representing newspaper digital outlets, and assured them that a detailed "FAQ" document, which is ready, would be issued addressing concerns of the media outlets.

In a separate statement, DIPP had expressed "deep concern" over the Rules and the Act, saying they "collectively cripple the Right to Information Act".

Climate talks veer away from 'implementation'

Differences over financing and pathways have hurt progress on a decisive deal on climate action; observers say European nations have reached the 'maximum' they can deliver in terms of finance

Jacob Kerdie
BECOM

Stop "the hot-hand, down with gas in Asia," chants a group of activists in the hallways of the COP29 venue in Belem, Brazil, while they raise colourful banners and placards condemning oil and gas drilling.

The walls of this sprawling venue hosting the climate talks — near the far-flung city's airport — are makeshift and porous and these chants bleed through into the more somber rooms, where teams of delegates from a coalition of countries — nearly all of them Asian — mobilise together common ground to unswayed and delay firm action on eschewing fossil fuel use. The countries are collectively called the Like-Minded Developing Countries (LMDC).

Saudi Arabia is a vocal representative of the LMDC that comprises several oil and gas producing nations and poses the credibility of fossil fuel in their economies, have for years resisted a phase-out plan for fossil fuel. The "Like-Mindedness" of these countries is fuzzy.



Activists participate in a demonstration outside the venue for the COP29 UN Climate Summit in Belem on Wednesday.

The climate talks in Belem, last year, concluded with the rich countries promising to deliver \$300 billion annually by 2035, which was viewed as insufficient to keep the world from heating beyond two degrees Celsius (32). The push-back against this — a position India has independently articulated multiple times — is that these sums are never available as low-cost loans or grants and available largely as part of commercial transactions.

"Grants and concessional resources can lower the cost of capital, facilitating a robust pipeline of investments and making these investments more sustainable by lowering the cost of capital," India said on November 15.

On the other hand, observers as part of European delegations say that several Western European countries have reached the "maximum" they can deliver in terms of such public finance. "While it is well understood that developing countries have their own limitations and planned pathways regarding their dependence on fossil fuel, the sense is that

the maximum funds that can be made available as public finance have already been done so," said Jesper Marlin Clausen, EU Program Director with Concept, a think-tank in Denmark and who has been part of COP negotiations for over a decade.

This fundamental log-jam guides attempts by the President of COP negotiations, at present Andre Lugo of Brazil, to open for a process whereby all countries — nearly all of them who are part of about 19 negotiating blocs — feel heard, rather than crafting an ambitious decisive deal that would require climate action. This, when COP29, in the run-up to the two-week juncture, was pitched as a "COP of implementation."

As things stand on Wednesday, the Presidency has asked countries to evolve consensus on four of the most pressing climate concerns — finance, trade, transparency and the fact that countries' emissions-cutting plans — known as nationally determined contributions or NDC, are inadequate to limit temperature rises to 1.5 degrees Celsius.

Uniform organ transplant policy needed, says top court

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Supreme Court on Wednesday said a uniform national policy was imperative to ensure parity in place a transparent mechanism for organ transplantations.

The court said the mechanism must operate beyond the limitations of gender, region and class across States. "There should be uniform criteria for organ transplantations for all," it observed.

A bench comprising Chief Justice D.Y. Chandrachud and Justice K. Chandrabudha referred to how organ donors, many a time, were left in the lurch following transplantation without any follow-up medical care. "A live donor who parts with a valuable organ should not be ignored and must be well looked after following the donation," the bench noted in a hearing of a petition filed by the Indian Society of Organ Transplantation.

It asked the Centre to persuade Andhra Pradesh to adopt the 2021 amendment to the Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994. It directed Karnataka, Tamil Nadu and Manipal to adopt the Transplantation of Human Organs and Tissues Rules, 2014.

ISRO tests bootstrap mode start on CE20 cryogenic engine

The Hindu Bureau
BENGALURU

The Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) has successfully demonstrated the bootstrap mode start test on the CE20 cryogenic engine which powers the upper stage of the Launch Vehicle Mark-III (LV-M3) rocket.

The test on the CE20 cryogenic engine, which was successfully conducted under vacuum conditions in the High Altitude Test (HAT) facility at ISRO Propulsion Complex, Mahendragiri, on November 7, for a duration of 10 seconds is an important development towards enhancing the restart capability and mission flexibility of future LV-M3 flights.

Though the CE20 cryogenic engine, powering the

LV-M3 upper stage, is already qualified for operation at thrust levels ranging from 19 to 21 tonnes in flight with a single start, and also for the Gaganyaan mission, during nominal operation, the engine ignition is initiated under tank head conditions, followed by the start of turbopumps using a stored gas start-up system.

"For future missions, multiple in-flight restarts of the CE20 engine will be needed for flexible multi-orbit missions. But with the current set-up, each restart demands an additional start-up gas bottle and associated systems. Hence, achieving bootstrap mode start — where the engine builds up to steady operation without external start-up assistance — is essential," the ISRO stated.

After Delhi blast, every Kashmiri is projected as suspect, says Omar

Peeyush Ashly
BENGALURU

Jammu and Kashmir Chief Minister Omar Abdullah on Wednesday expressed regret that all Kashmiris were "being portrayed as suspects after the Red Fort blast" and said "even he feared driving around in New Delhi in a vehicle with a J&K number on it".

Mr. Abdullah also questioned the Centre's narrative that peace prevailed in J&K after the abrogation of the provisions of Article 370 in 2019.

Speaking at the two-day J&K Business and Trade Fair in Kullam, Mr. Abdullah expressed his worry over the fear instilled among Kashmiris after the Red Fort blast, which left 14 civilians dead.

"Such a situation has been created that no father would like to send his child



Omar Abdullah also questioned the Centre's narrative that peace prevailed in J&K after the abrogation of Article 370.

outside. Everyone looks at Kashmiris with suspicion because of the involvement of a few. Unintentionally, an impression is being created that everyone from Kashmir is responsible for the (Red Fort) incident. It will make it hard for Kashmiris to come out and earn their livelihood outside," Mr. Abdullah said.

The Chief Minister said he does not feel safe driving a vehicle with a J&K number plate in New Delhi. "I also think twice whether to drive or not in New Delhi with a J&K number plate. What if I am stopped and questioned," Mr. Abdullah said.

He said people of J&K were told that the violence had ended now and peace

prevailed after 20th. "However, the reality on the ground has not changed. Ordinary citizens are still paying the price. If it is not exploding here, it is exploding there. J&K has witnessed continuous violence over the last three decades," the Chief Minister said.

"Security not under CM" stating that security does not come under his purview as the Chief Minister of a Union Territory (UT), Mr. Abdullah said. "The responsibility for the ongoing situation lies with those in charge of security. Why this is still happening, you should ask those responsible for our security. We don't have that responsibility."

He said that in the past two days he has visited homes of five victims of blasts in Kashmir.

NCDC flags study on rising antibiotic resistance in India

Hindu Shajin Perippadan
NEW DELHI

The National Centre for Disease Control (NCDC) has refuted claims made in an international study published by The Lancet that over 50% of Indian patients hospitalized for a specific gastrointestinal procedure are colonised with at least one multi-drug resistant organism (MDRO).

The study has raised alarm over rising antimicrobial resistance in India, describing it as a rapidly escalating, sweeping crisis and a "global threat".

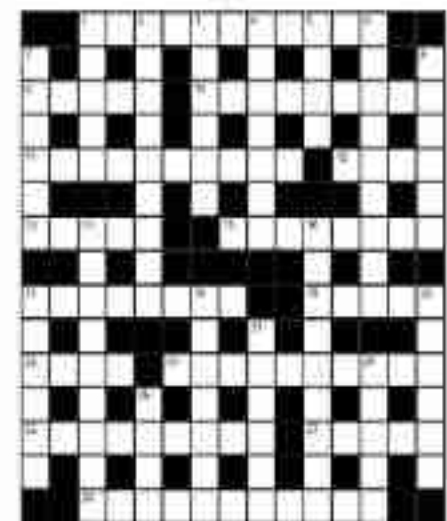
In response, the NCDC, which is mandated to prevent, detect, and control diseases of public health importance in India, pointed out that The Lancet do not only report colonisation of multi-drug resistant organisms, not actual infections.

"Colonisation is a microbiological finding, but not a clinical failure," it said, adding that the results refer to specific high-risk clinical groups and cannot be generalized for all patients or the general population in India.

The research paper, published in The Lancet's journal eClinicalMedicine, is titled Prevalence of antimicrobial resistance in endoscopy: retrospective cohort study of multi-drug resistant organisms (MDROs) in an international, multicentre, cross-sectional observational study. An MDRO is an endoscopic procedure used to diagnose and treat problems in the gall bladder, the bile ducts, and the pancreas.

THE CROSSWORD + 14644

Enter the puzzle online and access more puzzles at <https://crossword.thehindu.com>



- 13 'Lumpy rock?' It's not coal... Has a bit of sand (9)
15 Space traveller having one kind of drag (8)
17 Oscar winner about north eastern head of state's traitorancy (16)
19 'Spin?' And more? (5)
22 Word for period of time (6)
23 Busted Owen building and destroyed (24)
26 Asenbe creature captures a Yankee prey (9)
27 'Woody' makes prayer leaders (5)
28 How UK agent making a razor-thin weapon (8,3)
Down
1 Projectile launched in narrow (5)
2 Hot info peddled in sporting event (5)
3 Same Washington handler will also nearly (7,4)
4 Works out by instant manipulation of the suit (7)
5 Engineer saving face proud? (4)
6 Violently run our dog for leg? (7)
7 An election with how for Greek god (5)
8 Silly American giving up will about victory for last (8)
14 Type of eggs kept in store of cooking equipment without charge (14,5)
16 More than old church editor in Germany (9)
17 Portent? Not me! I can do better! (1,4)
18 'Scruffy,' 'South Indian' (thick?) (5)
20 Striver from Johnny's (thick?) (5)
21 Add in new country by their spirit (6)
24 More a twin among? (5)
25 Method to some extent, 'No isolated landmass' (9)

- Across
1 Venerable probably getting up and sleeping (11)
9 In India, sometimes gets done (5)
10 What one may handle when making movie? It's a controversial subject (13,6)
11 Swan and friend playing a game (4,11)
12 Post here: Bitterest, England (6)

SUDOKU

		2	6	5				
				1			3	
5		4	3	7				6
					9	8	7	
8	3							4
			9	1	5			
6				4	9	2		1
	4			2				
			5		1	4		

Solution to previous puzzle								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81

FAITH

Scriptures and dharma

Dharma and our nation are inseparable. The Sanskrit text Tirumala proclaims "Savitheetha Dharma Dharma: Savitara Dharma" — affirming that Savitara Dharma is eternal, unshakable, and indestructible. Scriptures such as the Ramayana, Mahabharata, and Bhagavata Purana stand as enduring pillars upholding this timeless tradition. Sri Ramalingam explained that Ramayana presents a complete model for an ideal society. It offers a perfect king in Dasaratha, ideal mothers in his queens, an ideal son in Sri Rama, a perfect wife in Sita, ideal teachers in Lakshmana, Bharata and Satrugna, a perfect servant in Hanuman, an ideal friend in Vibhishana, and even an ideal enemy in Ravana. Through these exemplary characters, the Ramayana continues to guide and inspire generations.

Srimad Bhagavatam presents the vision of a true Bhagavata (devoted) society. It depicts the pure and unwavering love that devotees express to God, illustrating how life becomes elevated when centred on devotion, surrender, and divine love. In addition, the Mahabharata reflects a practical society and the complexities of human life, showing how people can change for better or worse. Bhishma, driven by justice, even attempted to kill his elder brother Yudhishtira. In Vidura Neethi, Vidura advises that one should never offer counsel to a person who has not sought it. In the Yaksha Prashna, when the Yaksha asked Yudhishtira which path one should follow, he wisely replied that one must choose the path shown by the righteous elders. Through such teachings, the Mahabharata offers deep insights into human behaviour and the principles that sustain society.

World

TAIPEI

U.S. confirms sale of \$700-mn air defence missile system to Taiwan



The United States approved a \$700-million sale of THAAD (Terminal High Altitude Area Defense) air defense systems to Taiwan, the second weapons deal in a week. Used in defense, the system boasts Taipei's defense arsenal along Chinese missiles. Work is estimated to be completed by February 2025, under a fixed-price, performance contract, USAS.

WASHINGTON

U.S. Congress orders Epstein files release after President's U-turn



The U.S. Congress on Tuesday overwhelmingly voted to release government files on Jeffrey Epstein after President Donald Trump asked his opposition. The bipartisan House Transparency Act compelled publication of unclassified documents on Epstein's operations and death. Mr. Trump has pledged not to veto the legislation.

DHAKA

NCP registered as a political party in Bangladesh. Shapla Koli symbol



The National Citizens Party (NCP), led by the movement that ousted Sheikh Hasina, was officially registered by Bangladesh's Election Commission ahead of the 15th general election. It received the support of 100,000 voters by mail and plans to contest in all 300 constituencies.

WASHINGTON

White House working with Russia on new Ukraine peace plan report



The U.S. administration is currently drafting a 20-point peace plan to end the Ukraine war, inspired by President Trump's 10-point plan proposal, USNS reported on Tuesday, citing U.S. administration officials. The plan includes peace in Ukraine, transport security guarantees, and future U.S. relations with Russia and Ukraine.

Trump defends MBS, designates Riyadh as a major non-NATO ally

U.S. President, who hosted the Saudi prince in White House, approved a 'major defence sale package' which includes 'future deliveries' of F-35s and signed a civil nuclear cooperation deal. MBS pledged to make investments worth \$1 trillion in U.S.

Agence France Presse
WASHINGTON

U.S. President Donald Trump formally defended Saudi Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman on Tuesday over the 2018 killing of journalist Jamal Khashoggi, insisting the kingdom's de facto ruler "knew nothing" about the murder as he wooed him at the White House.

Mr. Trump sought to brush the gruesome murder of the Washington Post columnist under the red carpet, honoring the Saudi royal with a dinner and lavish dinner, and formally naming Riyadh as a major non-NATO ally.



Class file: Donald Trump meets Mohammed bin Salman at the Oval Office at the White House on Tuesday.

He named a journalist who asked the Prince in the Oval Office about the case for embarrassing the Saudi royal on his first U.S. trip since the murder, and called Khashoggi "ex-

remely controversial". "A lot of people didn't like that gentleman that you're talking about," he said.

"Whether you like him or didn't like him, things

happen, but he (the prince) knew nothing about it. And we can leave it at that. You don't have to embarrass our guest by asking a question like that."

The Saudi royal, who came bearing a pledge of a \$1 trillion investment in the U.S. on his first U.S. visit since the killing, said Khashoggi's murder was "poison" and a "huge mistake".

Mr. Trump called for U.S. broadcaster ABC, whose journalist asked the question about Khashoggi's murder, to have its licence revoked in a furious diatribe against the "corrupt" company.

In a surprise move at the gala dinner in the evening,

Mr. Trump said he was designating Saudi Arabia as one of just 20 major non-NATO allies around the world. "I'm just telling you now for the first time, because they wanted to keep a little secret for tonight," he said.

The two countries have signed a host of deals, including a civil nuclear cooperation agreement that the White House said would last decades.

Mr. Trump also approved a "major defence sale package" which includes "future deliveries" of F-35s. They also agreed to share AI technology "while protecting U.S. technology from foreign influence".

Dissanayake vows to begin Constitution talks in 2026

Meera Arinchan
COLOMBO

President Anura Kumara Dissanayake on Wednesday told the Jathika Samakshika Peramuna (JAP) that his government would initiate talks on the proposed new Constitution in January next year. He also said elections to the Provincial Councils would be held without further delay, although he did not provide a timeline for the same, members of the party told The Hindu.

It was the first time that the ITAK — founded Tamil party with eight MPs in the current Parliament — met President Dissanayake on the pending political situation in Sri Lanka's national question. "We told the President that unless this issue is resolved, the country cannot move forward," ITAK general secretary and former Jathika legislative M.A. Nannayakum told the media following the meeting. Acting president of the ITAK, C.Y.K. Sumanasinghe, and all parliamentarians representing the party in the north and east were present at the meeting.

Mr. Dissanayake told the ITAK that longstanding issues faced by the people of the Northern and Eastern Provinces can no longer be addressed through "outdated political solutions" and therefore, it was necessary to move towards "a new political framework".

Repeated shooting incidents have pointed to the fragility of the ceasefire. Israel and Hamas have traded blame for what both call violations of the U.S.-brokered truce, the first stage of Trump's 10-point plan for a post-war Gaza.



President Anura Kumara Dissanayake with ITAK members during a meeting in Colombo on Wednesday. PHOTOGRAPH BY MEERA ARINCHAN

seeking a meeting on the long-pending political settlement. Reminding him of his pre-poll pledge to address the aspirations of the Tamil people, the letter said, "no action seems to have been taken".

Concerns over delay

The Dissanayake government is yet to initiate processes to draft a new Constitution. Further, although the five-year terms of Sri Lanka's nine Provincial Councils expired between 2019 and 2020, elections are yet to be held. While the administration's latest budget has allocated funds to hold the Provincial Council elections, concerns persist over a further delay, owing to differences among political parties over a possible shift to a new electoral system.

Weeks before his election to the country's top office in September 2024, Mr. Dissanayake told The Hindu that fixing Sri Lanka's battered economy and wiping out racism were "top priority" for his National People's Power (NPP) coalition. He promised to take forward previous efforts to draft a new Constitution.

In Wednesday's meeting, ITAK representatives

referred to several earlier proposals to address the Tamil national question, which is at the heart of Sri Lanka's enduring ethnic conflict, 65 years after the civil war ended.

Parliamentary Speaker Shanmugan Kumaramanickam said that "although a year late", it was very clear from the meeting that President Dissanayake "has a very good understanding of Tamil aspirations, what needs to be done and the various agreements and technical processes" of the pact. "We are willing to engage constructively," Mr. Kumaramanickam said, underscoring the need for "a clear timeline and concrete confidence building measures" from the government.

The ITAK's talks with Mr. Dissanayake come days after tensions in the eastern Trincomalee district over the placement of an allegedly unauthorised Buddha statue, an issue that was also debated in Parliament. The incident sparked concern amid Tamil's ongoing battle for their lands that they occupy authority, including from archaeology and forest departments, of taking over to "alter the demography" of their areas.

Russian strikes kill 25 in Ukraine as Zelenskyy arrives in Turkiye

Associated Press
KYIV

A large Russian drone and missile barrage from inside a western Ukrainian city, killing 25 people, including three children, authorities said on Wednesday, as Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy arrived in Turkey in search of diplomatic support for his fight against Russia's invasion.

The nighttime attack hit two nine-story apartment blocks in Ternopil, located around 200 km from the Polish border, according to

Russia fired 476 strike and decoy drones, as well as 48 missiles of various types, says Ukraine

Interior Minister Iryna Vukovych. Emergency crews were sifting through the rubble in daylight to find any survivors, he said. At least 60 people, including 16 children, were injured, emergency services said.

Russia fired 476 strike and decoy drones, as well as 48 missiles of various types, at Ukrainian targets

overnight, Ukraine's air force said. The bombardment included 47 cruise missiles, with air defenses intercepting all but six of them, the air force said. Western-supplied F-16 and Mirage 2000 jets intercepted at least 10 cruise missiles, it said.

The Ukrainian leader said he would meet with Turkey's President Recep Tayyip Erdogan later on Wednesday as part of his efforts to diplomatically isolate Russian President Vladimir Putin and bring more international pressure to bear on him.

Israeli air strikes kill 25 Palestinians in Gaza, rattling truce

Reuters
GAZA

At least 25 Palestinians were killed in four Israeli air strikes on Wednesday in a part of Gaza under Hamas control since a shaky ceasefire took effect in October, health authorities said.

Media said 10 people were killed in the Gaza City suburb of Yehudim, two in Shejia suburb to the east and the rest in two separate attacks in Khan Younis in the southern Gaza Strip.

The Israeli military said its forces struck Hamas targets across Gaza after members of the Palestinian militant group fired on its troops in violation of the nearly six-week-old ceasefire. No Israeli forces were injured.

Repeated shooting incidents have pointed to the fragility of the ceasefire. Israel and Hamas have traded blame for what both call violations of the U.S.-brokered truce, the first stage of Trump's 10-point plan for a post-war Gaza.

Sport

Captain Rohit confident of India putting up a good show at the junior World Cup

K. Keerthiyan
CHENNAI

Captain Rohit, a powerful dragflicker and a fearless roller, is confident of India putting up a good show in the FIH junior men's hockey World Cup, to be held here and in Madurai, from November 25 to December 10.

In his second and last stint with the National junior team, the 21-year-old from Hyderabad is excited to play in front of the home crowd.

"I'm feeling good because we are playing in front of the home crowd. I'm also excited because the other teams will come

under pressure," he said. Though Rohit has been with the junior team since 2022, winning gold medals in the Asia Cup in 2022 and 2024 and the Sultan of Johor Cup in 2022, he was chosen as the skipper ahead of quite a few seniors.

Head coach P.R. Anjesh defended the decision, terming it a collective one. "He is one of the toppers and most recognised players in the team. He is part of the leadership group with four others, and they respect each other. When it comes to captaincy, I asked my players who they would pick and most of them chose Rohit," revealed the former India goalkeeper.

For Rohit, heading from

Odera village in the Huzar district of Haryana, punnam is not something to fear but something to feel responsible about.

"As a dragflicker, I have to score whenever the team needs me. When the team is losing, I have to tell the players to be more active."

Rohit said playing with the senior India team in the camp at Bengaluru recently showed what real pressure meant, and taught the team how to deal with it.

"We played four matches with the seniors. The seniors are quick and put a lot of pressure. The quarterfinals and semifinals of the junior World Cup here will be like that and we are prepared," he said.



Skilled skipper Rohit led India to the national junior team. Rohit is a dragflicker. He is a member of the home crowd. A. K. KEERTHIYAN

Coach Gilardi bullish about Los Leoncitos' medal prospects

K. Keerthiyan
CHENNAI

Like any true Argentine, Juan Ignacio Gilardi loves to explore nature in all its beauty.

The 44-year-old head coach of the Argentina men's junior hockey team for the World Cup has been on a roller coaster and is also into kite-surfing.

"I began to find at least one hour to do kite-surfing here. If you know someone that takes lessons, contact me," Gilardi told The Hindu here on Wednesday.

But, before that, he has a few scores to settle. Having lost to eventual champions Germany in the quarterfinals of the previous edition (2021), Gilardi is confident Los Leoncitos



Gilardi, right, with his wife and a trophy. A. K. KEERTHIYAN

will settle for a medal this time.

"We have six players from the previous World Cup. It's a new group - strong and unique. We have some players who are really skilled and powerful. We also have a few penalty corner specialists, and a solid goalkeeper," he said.

The team led by Tomas Ruiz had a good build up to the mega event by clinching the Pan American Trophy with an all-win record.

"We are aware that the World Cup will be harder. We will have practice matches against India from Thursday (Nov. 28) and we will be ready," he said.

Two-time champion Argentina, placed in Group C with New Zealand, Japan and China, is expected to progress to the quarterfinals smoothly.

Gilardi was, however, cautious. "We don't know too much about Japan and China though we have some videos about New Zealand," said the 2016 Rio Olympics gold medalist who had 174 senior caps (2007-08).

Sport

WILL HE?

Gill travels with team to Guwahati, but remains doubtful for Test



Virat Kohli

India captain Virat Kohli travelled with the team to Guwahati for the second Test against South Africa starting on November 22. However, he remains a doubtful starter. "He will continue to be monitored by the BCCI medical team and a decision will be taken accordingly," said a statement from the board.

FIREWORKS

Conway and Santner exploits eclipse Hope's unbeaten century



Virat Kohli

Virat Kohli's fireworks with the bat helped New Zealand beat India by five wickets in the second ODI in Nagpur on Wednesday. The match was reduced to 34 overs. **The scores:** WI 347/9 in 34 overs (Hope 139 not out, Smith 44); NZ 162/4 in 33.3 overs (Conway 80, Kishore 35, Santner 34 not out). **Test: ICC Poll:** Hope.

REMARKABLE FEAT

Hope first batter to hit hundreds against 13 international teams



Chris Hope

Chris Hope became the first batsman to score a century against 13 international teams — Afghanistan, Australia, Bangladesh, England, India, Ireland, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Pakistan, South Africa, Sri Lanka and Zimbabwe — when he scored an unbeaten 139 in the Nagpur ODI against New Zealand on Wednesday.

ANOTHER FEATHER

Federer to be inducted into the International Hall of Fame in 2026



Roger Federer

Roger Federer will be inducted into the International Tennis Hall of Fame (ITHF) in an induction ceremony set for August 2026 in Newport, USA, the ITHF said on Wednesday. Federer won 23 Grand Slams, the first man to reach the benchmark, and finished ODI career 100th for his country in 2022.

Wei knocks out Arjun; Indian challenge ends

The second seed falters in second tie-break game, misses chance to seal spot in the Candidates tournament. Svidler sets up all-Uzbek semifinal against Yakubovich, Espenak advances

CHESS WORLD CUP

P.M. Ajith Kumar
ARUNACHAL PRADESH

In the tie-breaks, the host's last hope at the Chess World Cup, was knocked out in the quarterfinals at Resort 360. The second seed was outwitted by Chinese Wei Yi.

Arjun was in a spot of bother at the first set of tie-breaker games, but fought back to get a draw, but in the second, he lost. Wei, the seventh seed, thus won the tie-break 1.5-0.5.

After the early exit of the No. 1 and 3 seeds D.G. Gukesh and H. Praggnanandhaas, Arjun had very much been the man in focus here. His defeat is a big setback to him, and India he needed to finish inside the top three to get a shot in the Candidates.

Wei will certainly be bolstering his hopes of travelling to Cyprus, where the Candidates will be played in March/April next year. Also in the same boat of expectations are Levko Svidler of Uzbekistan and Andrey Esipenko of Russia, but they had to



Chinese checker Wei Yi (right) beat Arjun Erigaisi (left) in the second tie-break game.

wait longer to get their tickets for the semifinals. In the second set of tie-breakers, Indian host pair Marjan Matkovic of Mexico and Esipenko defeated Svidler of USA 2-0.

The first game saw Wei, playing from the white side of a French Defence, getting the upper hand from early on, following a sharp pawn push from Arjun. The Chinese moved in control until he missed up with a couple of weak moves, back to back. In the middle game, allowing Black to capture and the

game was drawn in 65 moves.

In the second game, Arjun faced Petrov's Defence, and found himself struggling again before stabilising the position. Things were equal in the rook and bishop ending until White blundered on his 41st move. He took the rock in the wrong square, giving Wei the clear advantage, which the Chinese eventually managed to convert, checkmating Arjun in the end, on the 78th move.

"I had many chances in

the first game, but I didn't find even one way to win," said Wei. "In the second game, I think Arjun played some risky moves in the ending and I realised I had some chances to win, too."

In the semifinals on Friday, Svidler will take on Uzbek Yakubovich in an all-Uzbek battle, while Wei will meet Esipenko.

The results: Quarterfinals (tie-breaks): Wei Yi (China) beat Arjun Erigaisi (India) 1.5-0.5; Esipenko (Russia) beat Svidler (Uzbekistan) 2-0; Esipenko (Russia) beat Svidler (Uzbekistan) 2-0; Esipenko (Russia) beat Svidler (Uzbekistan) 2-0.

Washington the latest No. 3 in the game of musical chairs

SA IN INDIA

S. Dipak Nagar
GUWAHATI

Being at No. 3 is one of the most crucial roles in Test cricket. The job description is expansive: a batter must be technically sound to face even the second ball of the match and versatile enough to push the game forward when the opposition build a solid platform.

In the last three decades, India has been fortunate to have two dependable players who have owned that role. First, Rahul Dravid left a lasting legacy before Cheteshwar Pujara solemnly took over.

However, in recent times, filling that spot has become a game of musical chairs. In the first Test against South Africa in Kolkata, Washington Sundar became the seventh and latest man to be entrusted with solving this puzzle ever since Gautam Gambhir became the coach.

The early signs are good. The tall left-hander may have made only 20 and 38 but he brought a sense of calm, courtesy his sound technical foundation. Despite India's 30-run loss, he was a bright spot, remaining largely untroubled in a spirited surface with uneven bounce. Notably, he faced the most deliveries in the game (174). His manner, though,



Calm and collected: The early signs of Washington Sundar looking at this crucial position are good, courtesy his sound technical foundation.

shouldn't surprise anyone, for he started as a top-order bat for Tamil Nadu before being used primarily as a bowling all-rounder for India. "He has a sound defence. When you think it, you tend to play consistently. The way he played by getting to the pitch of the ball with the bat in front showed his confidence," explained M. Srinivasan, Washington's long-time coach and mentor.

While the Eden Gardens fixture showcased his game against spin, the 26-year-old is equally adept at playing pace. In his debut Test in 2013 against Australia, he made vital contributions in the memorable

win at the Gabba in Brisbane.

Earlier this year in England, Washington No. 3 at Old Trafford in Manchester, Washington scored a match-saving maiden century on the final day.

In the 10th and final Test at The Oval, he played a quickfire half-century, shepherding the tail to set up a famous win and help level the series 2-2.

Now that Washington is underlining for the No. 3 role, it remains to be seen if he gets a longer run than his predecessors Sai Sudhakar and Karun Nair.

Gives the position's importance, it may be time to pause the music.

Playing at the No. 3 slot is a challenge, says Karthik

C. Shyam Sundar
KOLKATA

The No. 3 spot in the Indian Test team has seen a handful of occupants in recent times and Washington Sundar became the latest to do so, in the first Test against South Africa in Kolkata.

The left-hander, playing in that position for the first time in his career, made 20 and 38, accepting himself rather well as the man for the Test.

Former India cricketer C. Shyam Sundar weighed in on Washington walking in at the crucial No. 3 position in the Kolkata Test, saying that playing in that slot is a challenge.

"Obviously, playing at No. 3 is a challenge. Most of the time, pure batters do it (play there)."

"Washington Sundar is an all-rounder, he is someone who knows a lot. He has the technique to bat at No. 3, but he has to work a lot on his batting."

Balancing act

"When he works a lot on his batting, bowling becomes tricky."

"Balancing both can be challenging... that is what I mean," he said, at an event at VS Hospital here on Wednesday where he launched a robotic assisted solution for knee replacement.

India to open U-19 WC campaign against USA

Press Trust of India
CHENNAI

India will take on USA in the 2020 Men's U-19 World Cup opener with the tournament to be staged in Zimbabwe and Namibia from January 15 to February 6.

The competition will feature 30 teams divided into groups of four in the first stage, with 41 matches to be played over 23 days.

India is in Group A alongside USA, Bangladesh and New Zealand. Group B will have Zimbabwe, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Scotland, whereas Group C will have defending champion Australia, Ireland, Japan and Sri Lanka. Group D consists of Tanzania, the West Indies, Afghanistan and South Africa.

India's remaining group opponents against Bangladesh and New Zealand will be on January 17 and 24 with all its matches to be played in Bulawayo.

The top three ranked sides from the first round will take part in the Super Six stage, with these teams forming two groups of six each.

SA-A rides on Pretorius, Moonsamy's tons to post consolation victory

SA IN INDIA

Sahil Maru
RAJCOOT

South Africa A walked off with a convincing 71-run win in the third and final one-day match, its batting tempo and improved bowling finally allowing it to defeat India A in the Niranjan Shah Stadium here on Wednesday.

The visitors rode on a 241-run opening partnership between cricketers Graeme Pretorius and Rishabh Moonsamy before their bowlers applied the squeeze, bowling out the hosts for 252 to avoid a clean sweep. The series ended 2-1 in India's favour.

Chasing 320, India A began positively with Rishabh Moonsamy hitting the ball well, but wickets at regular intervals dented the pursuit.

Abhishek Sharma fell to Taseen Khan, and Tilak Varma struggled for rhythm before losing his stumps. In the end, India's effort ended when he was beaten by Iqbal Pataudi, leaving India at 27 for three. Ryan Pong commun-



Big match: Moonsamy and Pretorius both hit up a century in 241-run opening partnership in win over India.

icated his left wrist.

Iqbal Khan and Ayush Badoni added 88 runs — the only substantial stand of the innings. Khan reached a fifty with a clip cut, while Badoni produced a composed half-century. But Nisha Pater dismissed Khan, triggering a slide.

Badoni top-edged for 65, Harsh Rana departed first ball, and Pretorius cleaned up Nisha Pater as India A collapsed from 100 for four.

South Africa A's bowlers, led by Peter's four for

48 and supported by Makhosi and Pretorius, maintained pressure through the middle overs. Lower-order attempts from Makhosi and Pretorius were brief as the chase headed out.

Earlier, Pretorius and Moonsamy produced a strong top-order display. Pretorius dominated from the start, racing to a 29-ball half-century, while Moonsamy anchored before accelerating.

India A's new-ball ball struggled for consistency, and Rana's no-ball replay

proved costly.

Pretorius reached his hundred in 98 balls and launched three straight sixes off Rana, while Moonsamy completed a 123-ball ton. Pretorius finally removed both in the 20th over, but Deane Pretorius's 25-ball 30 Offed South A to a formidable total.

The scores: South Africa A 320 in 30 overs (Moonsamy 123, Pretorius 121, Moonsamy 121 in 100-4 252 in 40.3 overs; India A 252 in 30 overs (Khan 65, Badoni 88, Pater 48, Pater 48). **Test: India A:** Pretorius, Pater, Rana.

BOXING

Y. B. Sorangi
CHENNAI

World champion Jaismine Lambore and former World champion Nikhat Zareen struggled off the challenge of beginning their campaign late as they won their respective semifinal bouts in the World Boxing Cup Finals at the Shree Viji Singh Patil Indoor Stadium here on Wednesday.

Jaismine (57kg) defeated former Asian youth gold medalist Uthman Sarwar (50kg), while Nikhat (56kg) beat 2022 World youth champion Gulnara Ganiyeva (50kg).

Six more ladies moved into the finals. Altogether, 15 home boxes will be seen in action in the final on Thursday.

Confident

A tall, confident, Jaismine quickly overcame her strong Kazakh opponent, who closed the gap to attack, and employed her long range game with confidence. With her fluent movement around the ring, Jaismine controlled



Experienced hand Nikhat Zareen, right, had a tough time against Lambore in the semifinals. Nikhat won points, 4-3.

the box and stole points effortlessly.

Jaismine will meet Taiwan's Paris Olympics bronze medalist Wu Shih Yi in the final.

Nikhat had a tough start against Uzbekistan's Gulnara but managed a 4-1 verdict in the opening round.

Lot of clinching

The experienced Indian, who executed her combinations in score points, clinched all five judges and a lot of clinching in the last two rounds.

"My first bout lay came towards the end. It has never happened. It won't be per expe-

rience, but I am happy to medal on nearly two years," said Nikhat, who will face Taiwan's Guo Yi Xuan.

Selected results

Men's 50kg: Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Uthman Sarwar (PAK) 4-1. **55kg:** Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Gulnara Ganiyeva (UZB) 4-1. **60kg:** Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Gulnara Ganiyeva (UZB) 4-1. **66kg:** Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Gulnara Ganiyeva (UZB) 4-1. **75kg:** Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Gulnara Ganiyeva (UZB) 4-1. **81kg:** Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Gulnara Ganiyeva (UZB) 4-1. **91kg:** Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Gulnara Ganiyeva (UZB) 4-1. **105kg:** Jaismine Lambore (IND) beat Gulnara Ganiyeva (UZB) 4-1.

Jalaj Saxena – a journeyman in pursuit of a long-cherished dream

The veteran cricketer, playing in his 21st successive First Class season, still eyes the India cap; the reliable all-rounder relishes his myriad roles: ever-dependable with the ball, solid with the bat and a sounding board for the youngsters in the dressing room

Amol Karhadkar

In an era when longevity in Indian domestic cricket is increasingly rare, Jalaj Saxena continues to stand out for his endurance as much as he does for his excellence. Into his 21st consecutive First Class season, the veteran all-rounder is inching closer to two remarkable landmarks: he is four wickets shy of 500 First Class wickets and within striking distance of becoming the fourth-highest wicket-taker in Ranji Trophy history.

Funny enough, the man himself remains blissfully unaware of his proximity to these milestones.

"No idea what the latest number is," he replied after Maharashtra's innings win against Punjab in Chandigarh. He was told he was at 494.

It is not an act. The 36-year-old genuinely does not track his figures. "I know when I get on Instagram. That's it," he laughs.

For a cricketer whose earnings, relevance, and future have long depended on numbers, this indifference is unusual. But it is also what defines him.

Put the conventional 'grinder' in cricket, he speaks with the stoicism of someone who has made peace with the uncertainty of sport. The calm, however, has not diminished his core steadfastness – the India cap that has eluded him despite two decades of dominance on the domestic circuit. "I still have that dream. I don't know how realistic it is, but without that motivation, I wouldn't be able to work the way I do."

The self-belief is intact. The self-doubt that occasionally surfaces is dealt with the same way he handles everything else – by focusing on what can be controlled. "Aiming is in my control. Being selected is not. So I keep aiming. That's enough."

Consistency needs effort

As clichéd as that sounds, Jalaj walks the talk. Just a month shy of turning 38, he spent almost three days out on the field, bowling long spells or keeping Maharashtra in the game with a defiant effort down the batting order – against a formidable opponent.

Over the years, Jalaj has become a travelling professional, a role that has a clear demand: deliver or make way. That mantra has carried him from Madhya Pradesh vs Kerala and now to Maharashtra.

"When you play professionally, there is always pressure to contribute. It actually helps your game. Pressure makes you improve. I enjoy it."

It shows. He is relishing his role as a reliable all-rounder, ever-dependable with the ball and solid with the bat. But, perhaps more importantly, he has become a sounding board for a relatively young dressing room.

"The first goal is to qualify, then win the Ranji Trophy. On paper, this is one of the best teams in the country."

The side's run hasn't been perfect – dropped catches cost Maharashtra dearly against Karnataka – but Jalaj refuses to read too much into it.

"We didn't have luck in this match... but I am hopeful that we will do well, qualify and compete strongly for the title."

Jalaj knows the ins and outs of the way Maharashtra operates, not just by virtue of being in the ecosystem for as long as he has. He is well acquainted with many of the players within the setup, including captain Aniket Sawane. In fact, the selection committee chief, Akhoy Thakkar, was his roommate during his maiden India A tour to the West Indies in 2012.

Thakkar played an important role in getting Jalaj introduced to the younger lot in the setup during the off-season. In the months to follow, his optimistic nature has helped break the ice with the unit.

Desire caps expectations

Hope has never been passive for Saxena. It is practical, grounded, and always accompanied by effort. Jalaj has proved

It is a delicate balance – nurturing others while chasing a dream that flickers but never fades. Jalaj handles it with the same equanimity he brings to his cricket

long enough to know the sport often gives more scars than celebrations.

"I try to control the controllables. I don't think about the rest. Cricket teaches you that. Every innings starts from zero. It keeps you grounded."

It also keeps him detached from expectations.

"If something isn't in my hands, I don't feel disappointed. I have learnt that from cricket itself. Selection, non-selection – those things are not in your control."

In recent years, Jalaj has embraced the responsibility of mentoring teammates whether in Ranji earlier or in Maharashtra now. His satisfaction comes from seeing younger players succeed, even if it pushes him further away from the spotlight.

"If they perform well, the team benefits, and so do I. Ultimately, everyone doing well helps my dream too."

It is a delicate balance – nurturing others while chasing a dream that flickers but never fades. Jalaj handles it with the same equanimity he brings to his cricket.

As Indian cricket transitions into a new era shaped heavily by the Indian Premier League, Jalaj offers a pragmatic perspective, devoid of judgment.

"Changes have to come. In maturity, approach, everything. IPL has helped domestic cricket a lot. And changes were necessary."

Coming from someone who has spent a lifetime in the domestic grind, the honesty carries weight.

When Jalaj reaches the 500-wicket milestone – the Ranji Trophy will have a two-month

break and resume in January 2026 – it will be a moment of celebration. But it is unlikely he will mark the achievement in any extraordinary way. He may not even realise the occasion when it arrives.

Numbers have never been the story for this seasoned spin bowling all-rounder. The narrative has always been about endurance, adaptability, process, and the relentless power of a dream that has been as steady as 20 is to 14.

As Maharashtra goes through the ups and downs of another campaign with quiet ambition and a driving mantra in youth, they also have, in Jalaj, a one-figure in Indian domestic cricket – a cricketer who has achieved almost everything the domestic circuit can offer, except the one thing he still wakes up chasing.

Still, he doesn't sound bitter. In fact, he revels in being awarded the best

All-rounder award in domestic cricket almost half a dozen times at the annual BCCI awards function.

"Even though I haven't been able to play for India, the BCCI has acknowledged my contribution with awards like Best Cricketer, Best All-rounder," he says. "When you get recognition, when the authorities recognize your efforts, it gives a lot of happiness."

Whether that final chapter is written or not, his journey remains one of Indian cricket's finest statements to perseverance – and to the quiet, unshowy dignity that has marked his entire career.

THE GIST

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▼ It is a delicate balance – nurturing others while chasing a dream that flickers but never fades. Jalaj handles it with the same equanimity he brings to his cricket



SHAMANK SINGH

Most wickets in Ranji

637	Anil Kumar
530	S. Srinivasan
479	Sudhakar
442	A. Vinay Kumar
441	S. Srinivasan
440	Jalaj Saxena
437	S. S. Choudhary
418	S. S. Choudhary
416	S. S. Choudhary
409	S. S. Choudhary



When you play professionally, there is always pressure to contribute. It actually helps your game. Pressure makes you improve. I enjoy it. I try to control the controllables. I don't think about the rest. Cricket teaches you that. Every innings starts from zero. It keeps you grounded.

JALAJ SAXENA

